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# **nitpick Documentation**

***Release 0.33.2***

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Command-line tool and [flake8](#) plugin to enforce the same settings across multiple language-independent projects.

Useful if you maintain multiple projects and are tired of copying/pasting the same INI/TOML/YAML/JSON keys and values over and over, in all of them.

The CLI now has a `nitpick fix` command that modifies configuration files directly (pretty much like [black](#) and [isort](#) do with Python files). See [Command-line interface](#) for more info.

Many more features are planned for the future, check [the roadmap](#).

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**Note:** This project is still a work in progress, so the API is not fully defined:

- [The style file](#) syntax might have changes before the 1.0 stable release;
  - The numbers in the NIP\* error codes might change; don't fully rely on them;
  - See also [Breaking changes](#).
-



## QUICKSTART

## 1.1 Install

Install in an isolated environment with [pipx](#):

```
# Latest PyPI release
pipx install nitpick

# Development branch from GitHub
pipx install git+https://github.com/andreoliwa/nitpick
```

On macOS/Linux, install the latest release with [Homebrew](#):

```
brew install andreoliwa/formulae/nitpick

# Development branch from GitHub
brew install andreoliwa/formulae/nitpick --HEAD
```

On Arch Linux, install with [yay](#):

```
yay -Syu nitpick
```

Add to your project with [Poetry](#):

```
poetry add --dev nitpick
```

Or install it with [pip](#):

```
pip install -U nitpick
```

## 1.2 Run

To fix and modify your files directly:

```
nitpick fix
```

To check for errors only:

```
nitpick check
```

Nitpick is also a [flake8](#) plugin, so you can run this on a project with at least one Python (.py) file:

```
flake8 .
```

Nitpick will download and use the opinionated [default style file](#).

You can use it as a template to [Configure your own style](#).

## 1.3 Run as a pre-commit hook

If you use [pre-commit](#) on your project, add this to the `.pre-commit-config.yaml` in your repository:

```
repos:
- repo: https://github.com/andreoliwa/nitpick
  rev: v0.33.2
  hooks:
  - id: nitpick
```

There are 3 available hook IDs:

- `nitpick` and `nitpick-fix` both run the `nitpick fix` command;
- `nitpick-check` runs `nitpick check`.

If you want to run [Nitpick](#) as a [flake8](#) plugin instead:

```
repos:
- repo: https://github.com/PyCQA/flake8
  rev: 4.0.1
  hooks:
  - id: flake8
    additional_dependencies: [nitpick]
```

To install the `pre-commit` and `commit-msg` Git hooks:

```
pre-commit install --install-hooks
pre-commit install -t commit-msg
```

To start checking all your code against the default rules:

```
pre-commit run --all-files
```

## 1.4 Run as a MegaLinter plugin

If you use [MegaLinter](#) you can run Nitpick as a plugin. Add the following two entries to your `.mega-linter.yml` configuration file:

```
PLUGINS:
- https://raw.githubusercontent.com/andreoliwa/nitpick/v0.33.2/mega-linter-plugin-
  ↪nitpick/nitpick.megalinter-descriptor.yml
ENABLE_LINTERS:
- NITPICK
```



## 1.5 Modify files directly

Nitpick includes a CLI to apply your style and modify the configuration files directly:

```
nitpick fix
```

Read more details here: [Command-line interface](#).



## 2.1 The style file

A “Nitpick code style” is a TOML file with the settings that should be present in config files from other tools.

Example of a style:

```
["pyproject.toml".tool.black]
line-length = 120

["pyproject.toml".tool.poetry.dev-dependencies]
pylint = "*"

["setup.cfg".flake8]
ignore = "D107,D202,D203,D401"
max-line-length = 120
inline-quotes = "double"

["setup.cfg".isort]
line_length = 120
multi_line_output = 3
include_trailing_comma = true
force_grid_wrap = 0
combine_as_imports = true
```

This example style will assert that:

- ... `black`, `isort` and `flake8` have a line length of 120;
- ... `flake8` and `isort` are configured with the above options in `setup.cfg`;
- ... `Pylint` is present as a `Poetry` dev dependency in `pyproject.toml`.

## 2.2 Configure your own style

After creating your own TOML file with your style, add it to your `pyproject.toml` file. See [Configuration](#) for details.

You can also check [the style library](#), and use the styles to build your own.

## 2.3 Default search order for a style

1. A file or URL configured in the `pyproject.toml` file, `[tool.nitpick]` section, `style` key, as described in [Configuration](#).
2. Any `nitpick-style.toml` file found in the current directory (the one in which `flake8` runs from) or above.
3. If no style is found, then the [default style file](#) from GitHub is used.

## 2.4 Style file syntax

A style file contains basically the configuration options you want to enforce in all your projects.

They are just the config to the tool, prefixed with the name of the config file.

E.g.: To configure the `black` formatter with a line length of 120, you use this in your `pyproject.toml`:

```
[tool.black]
line-length = 120
```

To enforce that all your projects use this same line length, add this to your `nitpick-style.toml` file:

```
["pyproject.toml".tool.black]
line-length = 120
```

It's the same exact section/key, just prefixed with the config file name (`"pyproject.toml".`)

The same works for `setup.cfg`.

To [configure mypy](#) to ignore missing imports in your project, this is needed on `setup.cfg`:

```
[mypy]
ignore_missing_imports = true
```

To enforce all your projects to ignore missing imports, add this to your `nitpick-style.toml` file:

```
["setup.cfg".mypy]
ignore_missing_imports = true
```

## 2.5 Special configurations

### 2.5.1 Comparing elements on lists

---

**Note:** At the moment, this feature only works on `:ref: the YAML plugin <yamlplugin>`_`.

---

On YAML files, a list (called a “sequence” in the YAML spec) can contain different elements:

- Scalar values like int, float and string;
- Dictionaries or objects with key/value pairs (called “mappings” in the YAML spec)
- Other lists (sequences).

The default behaviour for all lists: when applying a style, **Nitpick** searches if the element already exists in the list; if not found, the element is appended at the end of list.

1. With scalar values, **Nitpick** compares the elements by their exact value. Strings are compared in a case-sensitive manner, and spaces are considered.
2. Dicts are compared by a “hash” of their key/value pairs.

On lists containing dicts, it is possible to define a custom “list key” used to search for an element, overriding the default compare mechanism above.

If an element is found by its key, the other key/values are compared and **Nitpick** applies the difference. If the key doesn’t exist, the new dict is appended at the end of the list.

Some files have a predefined configuration:

1. On `.pre-commit-config.yaml`, repos are searched by their hook IDs.
2. On GitHub Workflow YAML files, steps are searched by their names.

You can define your own list keys for your YAML files (or override the predefined configs above) by using `__list_keys` on your style:

```
["path/from/root/to/your/config.yaml".__list_keys]
"<list expression>" = "<search key expression>"
```

`<list expression>`:

- a dotted path to a list, e.g. `repos.path.to.some.key`; or
- a pattern containing wildcards (`?` and `*`). For example, `jobs.*.steps`: all jobs containing steps will use the same `<search key expression>`.

`<search key expression>`:

- a key from the dict inside the list, e.g. `name`; or
- a parent key and its child key separated by a dot, e.g. `hooks.id`.

**Warning:** For now, only two-level nesting is possible: parent and child keys.

If you have suggestions for predefined list keys for other popular YAML files not covered by **Nitpick** (e.g.: GitLab CI config), feel free to [create an issue](#) or submit a pull request.

## 2.6 Breaking changes

**Warning:** Below are the breaking changes in the style before the API is stable. If your style was working in a previous version and now it's not, check below.

### 2.6.1 `missing_message` key was removed

`missing_message` was removed. Use `[nitpick.files.present]` now.

Before:

```
[nitpick.files."pyproject.toml"]  
missing_message = "Install poetry and run 'poetry init' to create it"
```

Now:

```
[nitpick.files.present]  
"pyproject.toml" = "Install poetry and run 'poetry init' to create it"
```

## CONFIGURATION

The *style file* for your project should be configured in the `[tool.nitpick]` section of the configuration file.

Possible configuration files (in order of precedence):

1. `.nitpick.toml`
2. `pyproject.toml`

The first file found will be used; the other files will be ignored.

Run the `nitpick init` CLI command to create a config file (*init: Initialise a configuration file*).

To configure your own style, you can either use `nitpick init`:

```
$ nitpick init /path/to/your-style-file.toml
```

or edit your configuration file and set the `style` option:

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "/path/to/your-style-file.toml"
```

You can set `style` with any local file or URL.

### 3.1 Remote style

Use the URL of the remote file.

If it's hosted on GitHub, use any of the following formats:

GitHub URL scheme (`github://` or `gh://`) pinned to a specific version:

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "github://andreoliwa/nitpick@v0.33.2/nitpick-style.toml"
# or
style = "gh://andreoliwa/nitpick@v0.33.2/nitpick-style.toml"
```

The `@` syntax is used to get a Git reference (commit, tag, branch). It is similar to the syntax used by `pip` and `pipx`:

- `pip install - VCS Support - Git`;
- `pypa/pipx: Installing from Source Control`.

If no Git reference is provided, the default GitHub branch will be used (for Nitpick, it's `develop`):

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "github://andreoliwa/nitpick/nitpick-style.toml"
# or
style = "gh://andreoliwa/nitpick/nitpick-style.toml"

# It has the same effect as providing the default branch explicitly:
style = "github://andreoliwa/nitpick@develop/nitpick-style.toml"
# or
style = "gh://andreoliwa/nitpick@develop/nitpick-style.toml"
```

A regular GitHub URL also works. The corresponding raw URL will be used.

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "https://github.com/andreoliwa/nitpick/blob/v0.33.2/nitpick-style.toml"
```

Or use the raw GitHub URL directly:

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/andreoliwa/nitpick/v0.33.2/nitpick-style.toml"
```

You can also use the raw URL of a GitHub Gist:

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "https://gist.githubusercontent.com/andreoliwa/f4fccf4e3e83a3228e8422c01a48be61/
→raw/ff3447bddfc5a8665538ddf9c250734e7a38eabb/remote-style.toml"
```

If your style is on a private GitHub repo, you can provide the token directly on the URL. Or you can use an environment variable to avoid keeping secrets in plain text.

```
[tool.nitpick]
# A literal token
style = "github://p5iCG5AJuDgY@some-user/a-private-repo@some-branch/nitpick-style.toml"

# Or reading the secret value from the MY_AUTH_KEY env var
style = "github://$MY_AUTH_KEY@some-user/a-private-repo@some-branch/nitpick-style.toml"
```

---

**Note:** A literal token cannot start with a \$. All tokens must not contain any @ or : characters.

---

## 3.2 Style inside Python package

The style file can be fetched from an installed Python package.

Example of a use case: you create a custom flake8 extension and you also want to distribute a (versioned) Nitpick style bundled as a resource inside the Python package (check out this issue: [Get style file from python package · Issue #202](#)).

Python package URL scheme is `pypackage://` or `py://`:

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "pypackage://some_python_package/styles/nitpick-style.toml"
# or
style = "py://some_python_package/styles/nitpick-style.toml"
```



Thanks to [@isac322](#) for this feature.

## 3.3 Cache

Remote styles can be cached to avoid unnecessary HTTP requests. The cache can be configured with the cache key; see the examples below.

By default, remote styles will be cached for **one hour**. This default will also be used if the cache key has an invalid value.

### 3.3.1 Expiring after a predefined time

The cache can be set to expire after a defined time unit. Use the format `cache = "<integer> <time unit>"`. *Time unit* can be one of these (plural or singular, it doesn't matter):

- minutes / minute
- hours / hour
- days / day
- weeks / week

To cache for 15 minutes:

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "https://example.com/remote-style.toml"
cache = "15 minutes"
```

To cache for 1 day:

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "https://example.com/remote-style.toml"
cache = "1 day"
```

### 3.3.2 Forever

With this option, once the style(s) are cached, they never expire.

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "https://example.com/remote-style.toml"
cache = "forever"
```

### 3.3.3 Never

With this option, the cache is never used. The remote style file(s) are always looked-up and a HTTP request is always executed.

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "https://example.com/remote-style.toml"
cache = "never"
```

### 3.3.4 Clearing

The cache files live in a subdirectory of your project: `/path/to/your/project/.cache/nitpick/`. To clear the cache, simply remove this directory.

## 3.4 Local style

Using a file in your home directory:

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "~/some/path/to/another-style.toml"
```

Using a relative path from another project in your hard drive:

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = "../another-project/another-style.toml"
```

## 3.5 Multiple styles

You can also use multiple styles and mix local files and URLs.

Example of usage: the `[tool.nitpick]` table on [Nitpick's own pyproject.toml](#).

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = [
    "/path/to/first.toml",
    "/another/path/to/second.toml",
    "https://example.com/on/the/web/third.toml"
]
```

---

**Note:** The order is important: each style will override any keys that might be set by the previous `.toml` file.

If a key is defined in more than one file, the value from the last file will prevail.

---

## 3.6 Override a remote style

You can use a remote style as a starting point, and override settings on your local style file.

Use `./` to indicate the local style:

```
[tool.nitpick]
style = [
    "https://example.com/on/the/web/remote-style.toml",
    "./my-local-style.toml",
]
```

For Windows users: even though the path separator is a backslash, use the example above as-is. The “dot-slash” is a convention for [Nitpick](#) to know this is a local style file.

## LIBRARY (PRESETS)

If you want to *configure your own style*, those are the some styles you can reuse.

Many TOML configs below are used in the *default style file*.

You can use these examples directly with their `py://` URL (see *Multiple styles*), or copy/paste the TOML into your own style file.

### 4.1 any

Style URL	Description
<code>py://nitpick/resources/any/codeclimate</code>	CodeClimate
<code>py://nitpick/resources/any/commitizen</code>	Commitizen (Python)
<code>py://nitpick/resources/any/commitlint</code>	commitlint
<code>py://nitpick/resources/any/editorconfig</code>	EditorConfig
<code>py://nitpick/resources/any/git-legal</code>	Git.legal - CodeClimate Community Edition
<code>py://nitpick/resources/any/markdownlint</code>	Markdown lint
<code>py://nitpick/resources/any/pre-commit-hooks</code>	pre-commit hooks for any project
<code>py://nitpick/resources/any/prettier</code>	Prettier

### 4.2 javascript

Style URL	Description
<code>py://nitpick/resources/javascript/package-json</code>	package.json

### 4.3 kotlin

Style URL	Description
<code>py://nitpick/resources/kotlin/ktlint</code>	ktlint

## 4.4 presets

Style URL	Description
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/presets/nitpick">py://nitpick/resources/presets/nitpick</a>	Default style file for Nitpick

## 4.5 proto

Style URL	Description
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/proto/protolint">py://nitpick/resources/proto/protolint</a>	protolint (Protobuf linter)

## 4.6 python

Style URL	Description
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/310">py://nitpick/resources/python/310</a>	Python 3.10
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/311">py://nitpick/resources/python/311</a>	Python 3.11
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/37">py://nitpick/resources/python/37</a>	Python 3.7
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/38">py://nitpick/resources/python/38</a>	Python 3.8
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/39">py://nitpick/resources/python/39</a>	Python 3.9
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/absent">py://nitpick/resources/python/absent</a>	Files that should not exist
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/autoflake">py://nitpick/resources/python/autoflake</a>	<a href="#">autoflake</a>
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/bandit">py://nitpick/resources/python/bandit</a>	Bandit
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/black">py://nitpick/resources/python/black</a>	Black
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/flake8">py://nitpick/resources/python/flake8</a>	Flake8
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/github-workflow">py://nitpick/resources/python/github-workflow</a>	GitHub Workflow for Python
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/ipython">py://nitpick/resources/python/ipython</a>	IPython
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/isort">py://nitpick/resources/python/isort</a>	isort
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/mypy">py://nitpick/resources/python/mypy</a>	Mypy
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/poetry-editable">py://nitpick/resources/python/poetry-editable</a>	Poetry (editable projects; PEP 600 support)
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/poetry">py://nitpick/resources/python/poetry</a>	Poetry
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/pre-commit-hooks">py://nitpick/resources/python/pre-commit-hooks</a>	pre-commit hooks for Python projects
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/pylint">py://nitpick/resources/python/pylint</a>	Pylint
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/radon">py://nitpick/resources/python/radon</a>	Radon
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/readthedocs">py://nitpick/resources/python/readthedocs</a>	Read the Docs
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/sonar-python">py://nitpick/resources/python/sonar-python</a>	SonarQube Python plugin
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/stable">py://nitpick/resources/python/stable</a>	Current stable Python version
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/python/tox">py://nitpick/resources/python/tox</a>	tox

## 4.7 shell

Style URL	Description
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/shell/bashate">py://nitpick/resources/shell/bashate</a>	bashate (code style for Bash)
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/shell/shellcheck">py://nitpick/resources/shell/shellcheck</a>	ShellCheck (static analysis for shell scripts)
<a href="py://nitpick/resources/shell/shfmt">py://nitpick/resources/shell/shfmt</a>	shfmt (shell script formatter)



## THE [NITPICK] SECTION

The [nitpick] section in *the style file* contains global settings for the style.

Those are settings that either don't belong to any specific config file, or can be applied to all config files.

### 5.1 Minimum version

Show an upgrade message to the developer if Nitpick's version is below `minimum_version`:

```
[nitpick]
minimum_version = "0.10.0"
```

### 5.2 [nitpick.files]

#### 5.2.1 Files that should exist

To enforce that certain files should exist in the project, you can add them to the style file as a dictionary of “file name” and “extra message”.

Use an empty string to not display any extra message.

```
[nitpick.files.present]
".editorconfig" = ""
"CHANGELOG.md" = "A project should have a changelog"
```

#### 5.2.2 Files that should be deleted

To enforce that certain files should not exist in the project, you can add them to the style file.

```
[nitpick.files.absent]
"some_file.txt" = "This is an optional extra string to display after the warning"
"another_file.env" = ""
```

Multiple files can be configured as above. The message is optional.

### 5.2.3 Comma separated values

On `setup.cfg`, some keys are lists of multiple values separated by commas, like `flake8.ignore`.

On the style file, it's possible to indicate which key/value pairs should be treated as multiple values instead of an exact string. Multiple keys can be added.

```
[nitpick.files."setup.cfg"]
comma_separated_values = ["flake8.ignore", "isort.some_key", "another_section.another_key
↪"]
```

## 5.3 [nitpick.styles]

Styles can include other styles. Just provide a list of styles to include.

Example of usage: Nitpick's default style.

```
[nitpick.styles]
include = ["styles/python37", "styles/poetry"]
```

The styles will be merged following the sequence in the list. The `.toml` extension for each referenced file can be omitted.

Relative references are resolved relative to the URI of the style document they are included in according to the [normal rules of RFC 3986](#).

E.g. for a style file located at `gh://$GITHUB_TOKEN@foo_dev/bar_project@branchname/styles/foobar.toml` the following strings all reference the exact same canonical location to include:

```
[nitpick.styles]
include = [
    "foobar.toml",
    "../styles/foobar.toml",
    "/bar_project@branchname/styles/foobar.toml",
    "//$GITHUB_TOKEN@foo_dev/bar_project@branchname/styles/foobar.toml",
]
```

For style files on the local filesystem, the canonical path (after symbolic links have been resolved) of the style file is used as the base.

If a key/value pair appears in more than one sub-style, it will be overridden; the last declared key/pair will prevail.



## COMMAND-LINE INTERFACE

---

**Note:** The CLI is experimental, still under active development.

---

Nitpick has a CLI command to fix files automatically.

1. It doesn't work for all the plugins yet. Currently, it works for:
  - *INI files* (like `setup.cfg`, `tox.ini`, `.editorconfig`, `.pylintrc`, and any other `.ini`)
  - *TOML files*
2. It tries to preserve the comments and the formatting of the original file.
3. Some changes still have to be done manually; Nitpick cannot guess how to make certain changes automatically.
4. Run `nitpick fix` to modify files directly, or `nitpick check` to only display the violations.
5. The `flake8` plugin only checks the files and doesn't make changes. This is the default for now; once the CLI becomes more stable, the "fix mode" will become the default.
6. The output format aims to follow `pycodestyle` (`pep8`) default output format.

If you use Git, you can review the files before committing.

The available commands are described below.

### 6.1 Main options

```
Usage: nitpick [OPTIONS] COMMAND [ARGS]...
```

```
    Enforce the same settings across multiple language-independent projects.
```

Options:

```
-p, --project DIRECTORY  Path to project root
--offline                 Offline mode: no style will be downloaded (no HTTP
                           requests at all)
--version                 Show the version and exit.
--help                    Show this message and exit.
```

Commands:

```
check  Don't modify files, just print the differences.
fix     Fix files, modifying them directly.
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
init  Create a [tool.nitpick] section in the configuration file if it...
ls    List of files configured in the Nitpick style.
```

## 6.2 fix: Modify files directly

At the end of execution, this command displays:

- the number of fixed violations;
- the number of violations that have to be changed manually.

Usage: nitpick fix [OPTIONS] [FILES]...

Fix files, modifying them directly.

You can use partial **and** multiple file names **in** the FILES argument.

Options:

```
-v, --verbose  Increase logging verbosity (-v = INFO, -vv = DEBUG)
--help        Show this message and exit.
```

## 6.3 check: Don't modify, just print the differences

Usage: nitpick check [OPTIONS] [FILES]...

Don't modify files, just print the differences.

Return code **0** means nothing would change. Return code **1** means some files would be modified. You can use partial **and** multiple file names **in** the FILES argument.

Options:

```
-v, --verbose  Increase logging verbosity (-v = INFO, -vv = DEBUG)
--help        Show this message and exit.
```

## 6.4 ls: List configures files

Usage: nitpick ls [OPTIONS] [FILES]...

List of files configured **in** the Nitpick style.

Display existing files **in** green **and** absent files **in** red. You can use partial **and** multiple file names **in** the FILES argument.

Options:

```
--help  Show this message and exit.
```

## 6.5 init: Initialise a configuration file

Usage: nitpick init [OPTIONS] [STYLE\_URLS]...

Create a [tool.nitpick] section **in** the configuration file **if** it doesn't exist already.

Options:

--help Show this message **and** exit.

---

**Note:** Try running Nitpick with the new *Command-line interface* instead of a flake8 plugin.

In the future, there are plans to *make flake8 an optional dependency*.

---



## FLAKE8 PLUGIN

Nitpick is not a proper `flake8` plugin; it piggybacks on `flake8`'s messaging system though.

Flake8 lints Python files; Nitpick “lints” configuration (text) files instead.

To act like a `flake8` plugin, Nitpick does the following:

1. Find *any Python file in your project*;
2. Use the first Python file found and ignore other Python files in the project.
3. Check the style file and compare with the configuration/text files.
4. Report violations on behalf of that Python file, and not on the configuration file that's actually wrong.

So, if you have a violation on `setup.cfg`, it will be reported like this:

```
./tasks.py:0:1: NIP323 File setup.cfg: [flake8]max-line-length is 80 but it should be 120
↳ like this:
[flake8]
max-line-length = 120
```

Notice the `tasks.py` at the beginning of the line, and not `setup.cfg`.

---

**Note:** To run Nitpick as a Flake8 plugin, the project must have *at least one* Python file\*.

If your project is not a Python project, creating a `dummy.py` file on the root of the project is enough.

---

### 7.1 Pre-commit hook and flake8

Currently, the default `pre-commit` hook uses `flake8` in an *unconventional and not recommended* way.

It calls `flake8` directly:

```
flake8 --select=NIP
```

This current default `pre-commit` hook (called `nitpick`) is a placeholder for the future, *when `flake8` will be only an optional dependency*.

### 7.1.1 Why `always_run: true`?

This is intentional, because *Nitpick is not a conventional flake8 plugin*.

Since flake8 only lints Python files, the pre-commit hook will only run when a Python file is modified. It won't run when a config/text changes.

An example: suppose you're using a remote Nitpick style (like the style from WeMake).

At the moment, their style currently checks `setup.cfg` only.

Suppose they change or add an option on their `isort.toml` file.

If the nitpick pre-commit hook had `always_run: false` and `pass_filenames: true`, your local `setup.cfg` would only be verified:

1. If a Python file was changed.
2. If you ran `pre-commit run --all-files`.

So basically the pre-commit hook would be useless to guarantee that your config files would always match the remote style... which is precisely the purpose of Nitpick.

---

**Note:** To avoid this, use the [other pre-commit hooks](#), the ones that call the Nitpick CLI directly instead of running flake8.

---

## 7.2 Root dir of the project

You should run Nitpick in the *root dir* of your project.

A directory is considered a root dir if it contains one of the following files:

- `.pre-commit-config.yaml` ([pre-commit](#))
- `pyproject.toml`
- `setup.py`
- `setup.cfg`
- `requirements*.txt`
- Pipfile ([Pipenv](#))
- `tox.ini` ([tox](#))
- `package.json` (JavaScript, NodeJS)
- `Cargo.*` (Rust)
- `go.mod`, `go.sum` (Golang)
- `app.py` and `wsgi.py` ([Flask CLI](#))
- `autoapp.py` ([Flask](#))
- `manage.py` ([Django](#))

## 7.3 Main Python file

On the *root dir of the project* Nitpick searches for a main Python file. Every project must have at least one `*.py` file, otherwise `flake8` won't even work.

Those are the Python files that are considered:

- `setup.py`
- `app.py` and `wsgi.py` (Flask CLI)
- `autoapp.py`
- `manage.py`
- any `*.py` file





## PLUGINS

Nitpick uses plugins to handle configuration files.

There are plans to add plugins that handle certain file types, specific files, and user plugins. Check [the roadmap](#).

Below are the currently included plugins.

### 8.1 INI files

Enforce configurations and autofix INI files.

Examples of `.ini` files handled by this plugin:

- `setup.cfg`
- `.editorconfig`
- `tox.ini`
- `.pylintrc`

Style examples enforcing values on INI files: [flake8 configuration](#).

### 8.2 JSON files

Enforce configurations and autofix JSON files.

Add the configurations for the file name you wish to check. Style example: [the default config for package.json](#).

### 8.3 Text files

Enforce configuration on text files.

To check if `some.txt` file contains the lines `abc` and `def` (in any order):

```
["some.txt".contains]]  
line = "abc"  
  
["some.txt".contains]]  
line = "def"
```

## 8.4 TOML files

Enforce configurations and autofix TOML files.

E.g.: `pyproject.toml` (PEP 518).

See also the `[tool.poetry]` section of the `pyproject.toml` file.

Style example: Python 3.8 version constraint. There are *many other examples here*.

## 8.5 YAML files

Enforce configurations and autofix YAML files.

- Example: `.pre-commit-config.yaml`.
- Style example: [the default pre-commit hooks](#).

**Warning:** The plugin tries to preserve comments in the YAML file by using the `ruamel.yaml` package. It works for most cases. If your comment was removed, place them in a different place of the file and try again. If it still doesn't work, please [report a bug](#).

Known issue: lists like `args` and `additional_dependencies` might be joined in a single line, and comments between items will be removed. Move your comments outside these lists, and they should be preserved.

---

**Note:** No validation of `.pre-commit-config.yaml` will be done anymore in this generic YAML plugin. Nitpick will not validate hooks and missing keys as it did before; it's not the purpose of this package.

---

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### 9.1 Crash on multi-threading

On macOS, `flake8` might raise this error when calling `requests.get(url)`:

```
objc[93329]: +[__NSPlaceholderDate initialize] may have been in progress in another
↳ thread when fork() was called.
objc[93329]: +[__NSPlaceholderDate initialize] may have been in progress in another
↳ thread when fork() was called. We cannot safely call it or ignore it in the fork()
↳ child process. Crashing instead. Set a breakpoint on objc_initializeAfterForkError to
↳ debug.
```

To solve this issue, add this environment variable to `.bashrc` (or the initialization file for your favorite shell):

```
export OBJC_DISABLE_INITIALIZE_FORK_SAFETY=YES
```

Thanks to [this StackOverflow answer](#).

### 9.2 ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'nitpick.plugins.XXX'

When upgrading to new versions, old plugins might be renamed in `setuptools` entry points.

But they might still be present in the `entry_points.txt` plugin metadata in your virtualenv.

```
$ rg nitpick.plugins.setup ~/Library/Caches/pypoetry/
/Users/john.doe/Library/Caches/pypoetry/virtualenvs/nitpick-UU_pZ5zs-py3.7/lib/python3.7/
↳ site-packages/nitpick-0.24.1.dist-info/entry_points.txt
11:setup_cfg=nitpick.plugins.setup_cfg
```

Remove and recreate the virtualenv; this should fix it.

During development, you can run `invoke clean --venv install --dry`. It will display the commands that would be executed; remove `--dry` to actually run them.

[Read this page](#) on how to install Invoke.

## 9.3 Executable `.tox/lint/bin/pylint` not found

You might get this error while running `make` locally.

1. Run `invoke lint` (or `tox -e lint` directly) to create this `tox` environment.
2. Run `make` again.

## CONTRIBUTING

Contributions are welcome, and they are greatly appreciated! Every little bit helps, and credit will always be given. Check the [projects on GitHub](#), you might help coding a planned feature.

### 10.1 Bug reports or feature requests

- First, search the [GitHub issue tracker](#) to see if your bug/feature is already there.
- If nothing is found, just [add a new issue and follow the instructions](#).

### 10.2 Documentation improvements

[Nitpick](#) could always use more documentation, whether as part of the official docs, in docstrings, or even on the web in blog posts, articles, and such.

### 10.3 Development

To set up [Nitpick](#) for local development:

1. Fork [Nitpick](#) (look for the “Fork” button).
2. Clone your fork locally:

```
cd ~/Code
git clone git@github.com:your_name_here/nitpick.git
cd nitpick
```

3. Install [Poetry](#) globally using [the recommended way](#).
4. Install [Invoke](#). You can use [pipx](#) to install it globally: `pipx install invoke`.
5. Install dependencies and [pre-commit](#) hooks:

```
invoke install --hooks
```

6. Create a branch for local development:

```
git checkout -b name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

Now you can make your changes locally.

7. When you're done making changes, run tests and checks locally with:

```
# Quick tests and checks
make
# Or use this to simulate a full CI build with tox
invoke ci-build
```

8. Commit your changes and push your branch to GitHub:

```
git add .

# For a feature:
git commit -m "feat: short description of your feature"
# For a bug fix:
git commit -m "fix: short description of what you fixed"

git push origin name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

9. Submit a pull request through the GitHub website.

### 10.3.1 Commit convention

Nitpick follows [Conventional Commits](#)

No need to rebase the commits in your branch. If your pull request is accepted, all your commits will be squashed into a single one, and the commit message will be adjusted to follow the current standard.

### 10.3.2 Pull Request Guidelines

If you need some code review or feedback while you're developing the code, just make a draft pull request.

For merging, follow the checklist on the pull request template itself.

When running `invoke test`: if you don't have all the necessary Python versions available locally (needed by `tox`), you can rely on GitHub Workflows. [Tests will run](#) for each change you add in the pull request. It will be slower though...

## AUTHORS

- W. Augusto Andreoli <[andreoliwa@gmail.com](mailto:andreoliwa@gmail.com)>





## 12.1 nitpick package

Main module.

**class** nitpick.Nitpick

Bases: `object`

The Nitpick API.

**configured\_files**(\*partial\_names: *str*) → `List[Path]`

List of files configured in the Nitpick style. Filter only the selected partial names.

**echo**(message: *str*)

Echo a message on the terminal, with the relative path at the beginning.

**enforce\_present\_absent**(\*partial\_names: *str*) → `Iterator[Fuss]`

Enforce files that should be present or absent.

**Parameters**

**partial\_names** – Names of the files to enforce configs for.

**Returns**

Fuss generator.

**enforce\_style**(\*partial\_names: *str*, autofix=True) → `Iterator[Fuss]`

Read the merged style and enforce the rules in it.

1. Get all root keys from the merged style (every key is a filename, except “nitpick”).
2. For each file name, find the plugin(s) that can handle the file.

**Parameters**

- **partial\_names** – Names of the files to enforce configs for.
- **autofix** – Flag to modify files, if the plugin supports it (default: True).

**Returns**

Fuss generator.

**init**(project\_root: *Path* | *str* | *None* = None, offline: *bool* | *None* = None) → *Nitpick*

Initialize attributes of the singleton.

**project:** *Project*

```
run(*partial_names: str, autofix=False) → Iterator[Fuss]
```

Run Nitpick.

#### Parameters

- **partial\_names** – Names of the files to enforce configs for.
- **autofix** – Flag to modify files, if the plugin supports it (default: True).

#### Returns

Fuss generator.

```
classmethod singleton() → Nitpick
```

Return a single instance of the class.

## 12.1.1 Subpackages

### nitpick.plugins package

Hook specifications used by Nitpick plugins.

---

**Note:** The hook specifications and the plugin classes are still experimental and considered as an internal API. They might change at any time; use at your own risk.

---

## Submodules

### nitpick.plugins.base module

Base class for file checkers.

```
class nitpick.plugins.base.NitpickPlugin(info: FileInfo, expected_config: JsonDict, autofix=False)
```

Bases: `object`

Base class for Nitpick plugins.

#### Parameters

- **data** – File information (project, path, tags).
- **expected\_config** – Expected configuration for the file
- **autofix** – Flag to modify files, if the plugin supports it (default: True).

```
abstract enforce_rules() → Iterator[Fuss]
```

Enforce rules for this file. It must be overridden by inherited classes if needed.

```
entry_point() → Iterator[Fuss]
```

Entry point of the Nitpick plugin.

```
filename = ''
```

```
fixable: bool = False
```

Can this plugin modify its files directly? Are the files fixable?

```
identify_tags: set[str] = {}
```

Which identify tags this `nitpick.plugins.base.NitpickPlugin` child recognises.

**abstract property initial\_contents:** `str`

Suggested initial content when the file doesn't exist.

**property nitpick\_file\_dict:** `Dict[str, Any]`

Nitpick configuration for this file as a TOML dict, taken from the style file.

**post\_init()**

Hook for plugin initialization after the instance was created.

The name mimics `__post_init__()` on dataclasses, without the magic double underscores: [Post-init processing](#)

**predefined\_special\_config()**  $\rightarrow$  [SpecialConfig](#)

Create a predefined special configuration for this plugin. Each plugin can override this method.

**skip\_empty\_suggestion** = `False`

**validation\_schema:** `Schema | None = None`

Nested validation field for this file, to be applied in runtime when the validation schema is rebuilt. Useful when you have a strict configuration for a file type (e.g. [nitpick.plugins.json.JsonPlugin](#)).

**violation\_base\_code:** `int = 0`

**write\_file**(*file\_exists*: `bool`)  $\rightarrow$  `Fuss | None`

Hook to write the new file when autofix mode is on. Should be used by inherited classes.

**write\_initial\_contents**(*doc\_class*: `type[BaseDoc]`, *expected\_dict*: `dict | None = None`)  $\rightarrow$  `str`

Helper to write initial contents based on a format.

## **nitpick.plugins.info module**

Info needed by the plugins.

**class** `nitpick.plugins.info.FileInfo`(*project*: `~nitpick.project.Project`, *path\_from\_root*: `str`, *tags*: `~typing.Set[str] = <factory>`)

Bases: `object`

File information needed by the plugin.

**classmethod** `create`(*project*: `Project`, *path\_from\_root*: `str`)  $\rightarrow$  `FileInfo`

Clean the file name and get its tags.

**path\_from\_root:** `str`

**project:** `Project`

**tags:** `Set[str]`

## nitpick.plugins.ini module

INI files.

**class** nitpick.plugins.ini.IniPlugin(*info: FileInfo, expected\_config: JsonDict, autofix=False*)

Bases: *NitpickPlugin*

Enforce configurations and autofix INI files.

Examples of .ini files handled by this plugin:

- setup.cfg
- .editorconfig
- tox.ini
- .pylintrc

Style examples enforcing values on INI files: *flake8* configuration.

**add\_options\_before\_space**(*section: str, options: dict*) → *None*

Add new options before a blank line in the end of the section.

**comma\_separated\_values:** *set[str]*

**compare\_different\_keys**(*section, key, raw\_actual: Any, raw\_expected: Any*) → *Iterator[Fuss]*

Compare different keys, with special treatment when they are lists or numeric.

**static contents\_without\_top\_section**(*multiline\_text: str*) → *str*

Remove the temporary top section from multiline text, and keep the newline at the end of the file.

**property current\_sections:** *set[str]*

Current sections of the .ini file, including updated sections.

**dirty:** *bool*

**enforce\_comma\_separated\_values**(*section, key, raw\_actual: Any, raw\_expected: Any*) → *Iterator[Fuss]*

Enforce sections and keys with comma-separated values. The values might contain spaces.

**enforce\_missing\_sections**() → *Iterator[Fuss]*

Enforce missing sections.

**enforce\_rules**() → *Iterator[Fuss]*

Enforce rules on missing sections and missing key/value pairs in an INI file.

**enforce\_section**(*section: str*) → *Iterator[Fuss]*

Enforce rules for a section.

**entry\_point**() → *Iterator[Fuss]*

Entry point of the Nitpick plugin.

**expected\_config:** *JsonDict*

**property expected\_sections:** *set[str]*

Expected sections (from the style config).

**file\_path:** *Path*

**filename** = ''

**fixable:** `bool = True`  
 Can this plugin modify its files directly? Are the files fixable?

**static get\_example\_cfg**(*parser: ConfigParser*) → *str*  
 Print an example of a config parser in a string instead of a file.

**get\_missing\_output**() → *str*  
 Get a missing output string example from the missing sections in an INI file.

**identify\_tags:** `set[str] = {'editorconfig', 'ini'}`  
 Which identify tags this *nitpick.plugins.base.NitpickPlugin* child recognises.

**property initial\_contents:** `str`  
 Suggest the initial content for this missing file.

**property missing\_sections:** `set[str]`  
 Missing sections.

**property needs\_top\_section:** `bool`  
 Return True if this .ini file needs a top section (e.g.: .editorconfig).

**property nitpick\_file\_dict:** `Dict[str, Any]`  
 Nitpick configuration for this file as a TOML dict, taken from the style file.

**post\_init**()  
 Post initialization after the instance was created.

**predefined\_special\_config**() → *SpecialConfig*  
 Create a predefined special configuration for this plugin. Each plugin can override this method.

**show\_missing\_keys**(*section: str, values: list[tuple[str, Any]]*) → *Iterator[Fuss]*  
 Show the keys that are not present in a section.

**skip\_empty\_suggestion** = `False`

**updater:** `ConfigUpdater`

**validation\_schema:** `Schema | None = None`  
 Nested validation field for this file, to be applied in runtime when the validation schema is rebuilt. Useful when you have a strict configuration for a file type (e.g. *nitpick.plugins.json.JsonPlugin*).

**violation\_base\_code:** `int = 320`

**write\_file**(*file\_exists: bool*) → *Fuss | None*  
 Write the new file.

**write\_initial\_contents**(*doc\_class: type[BaseDoc], expected\_dict: dict | None = None*) → *str*  
 Helper to write initial contents based on a format.

**class** *nitpick.plugins.ini.Violations*(*value*)  
 Bases: *ViolationEnum*  
 Violations for this plugin.

**INVALID\_COMMA\_SEPARATED\_VALUES\_SECTION** = (325, ': invalid sections on comma\_separated\_values:')

**MISSING\_OPTION** = (324, ': section [{section}] has some missing key/value pairs. Use this:')

```
MISSING_SECTIONS = (321, ' has some missing sections. Use this:')
```

```
MISSING_VALUES_IN_LIST = (322, ' has missing values in the {key!r} key. Include those values:')
```

```
OPTION_HAS_DIFFERENT_VALUE = (323, ': [{section}]{key} is {actual} but it should be like this:')
```

```
PARSING_ERROR = (326, ': parsing error ({cls}): {msg}')
```

```
TOP_SECTION_HAS_DIFFERENT_VALUE = (327, ': {key} is {actual} but it should be:')
```

```
TOP_SECTION_MISSING_OPTION = (328, ': top section has missing options. Use this:')
```

```
nitpick.plugins.ini.can_handle(info: FileInfo) → type[NitpickPlugin] | None
```

Handle INI files.

```
nitpick.plugins.ini.plugin_class() → type[NitpickPlugin]
```

Handle INI files.

## nitpick.plugins.json module

JSON files.

```
class nitpick.plugins.json.JsonFileSchema(*, only: types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None, exclude: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), many: bool = False, context: dict | None = None, load_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), dump_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet = False, unknown: str | None = None)
```

Bases: [BaseNitpickSchema](#)

Validation schema for any JSON file added to the style.

### class Meta

Bases: [object](#)

Options object for a Schema.

Example usage:

```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields:** Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.
- **additional:** Tuple or list of fields to include *in addition to the* explicitly declared fields. **additional** and **fields** are mutually-exclusive options.
- **include:** Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. **It is** usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.

- **dateformat:** Default format for *Date* <fields.Date> fields.
- **datetimeformat:** Default format for *DateTime* <fields.DateTime> fields.
- **timeformat:** Default format for *Time* <fields.Time> fields.
- **render\_module:** Module to use for *loads* <Schema.loads> and *dumps* <Schema.dumps>. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.
- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- **load\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- **dump\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with *marshmallow's* internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

#### OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of `SchemaOpts`

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.DateTime'>, <class
'float'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time'>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

property dict\_class: `type`

**dump**(obj: Any, \*, many: bool | None = None)

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this Schema's fields.

##### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

##### Returns

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if obj is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dumps**(*obj*: Any, \*args, many: bool | None = None, \*\*kwargs)

Same as `dump()`, except return a JSON-encoded string.

**Parameters**

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

**error\_messages**: Dict[str, str] = {'unknown': 'Unknown configuration. See [https://nitpick.rtfd.io/en/latest/nitpick\\_section.html](https://nitpick.rtfd.io/en/latest/nitpick_section.html).'}  
Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields**: Dict[str, ma\_fields.Field]

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(fields: dict[str, ma\_fields.Field | type], \*, name: str = 'GeneratedSchema') -> type

Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

**Parameters**

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the repr for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(*obj*: Any, attr: str, default: Any)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of *obj* and *attr*.

**handle\_error**(error: ValidationError, data: Any, \*, many: bool, \*\*kwargs)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

**Parameters**

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.
- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of *many* on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of *partial* on load.



New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**loads**(json\_data: *str*, \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(field\_name: *str*, field\_obj: *Field*) → *None*

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

**opts**: *SchemaOpts* = <marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>

**property set\_class**: *type*

**validate**(*data*: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*, *partial*: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*) → *dict*[*str*, *list*[*str*]]

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

#### Returns

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

**class** nitpick.plugins.json.**JsonPlugin**(*info*: *FileInfo*, *expected\_config*: *JsonDict*, *autofix*=*False*)

Bases: *NitpickPlugin*

Enforce configurations and autofix JSON files.

Add the configurations for the file name you wish to check. Style example: [the default config for package.json](#).

**dirty**: *bool*

**enforce\_rules**() → *Iterator*[*Fuss*]

Enforce rules for missing keys and JSON content.

**entry\_point**() → *Iterator*[*Fuss*]

Entry point of the Nitpick plugin.

**expected\_config**: *JsonDict*

**expected\_dict\_from\_contains\_json**()

Expected dict created from “contains\_json” values.

**expected\_dict\_from\_contains\_keys**()

Expected dict created from “contains\_keys” values.

**file\_path**: *Path*

**filename** = ''

**fixable**: *bool* = *True*

Can this plugin modify its files directly? Are the files fixable?

**identify\_tags**: *set*[*str*] = {'json'}

Which identify tags this *nitpick.plugins.base.NitpickPlugin* child recognises.

**property initial\_contents**: *str*

Suggest the initial content for this missing file.

**property nitpick\_file\_dict**: *Dict*[*str*, *Any*]

Nitpick configuration for this file as a TOML dict, taken from the style file.

**post\_init()**

Hook for plugin initialization after the instance was created.

The name mimics `__post_init__()` on dataclasses, without the magic double underscores: [Post-init processing](#)

**predefined\_special\_config()** → *SpecialConfig*

Create a predefined special configuration for this plugin. Each plugin can override this method.

**report**(violation: *ViolationEnum*, blender: *JsonDict*, change: *BaseDoc* | *None*)

Report a violation while optionally modifying the JSON dict.

**skip\_empty\_suggestion** = *False***validation\_schema**

alias of *JsonFileSchema*

**violation\_base\_code**: *int* = 340**write\_file**(file\_exists: *bool*) → *Fuss* | *None*

Hook to write the new file when autofix mode is on. Should be used by inherited classes.

**write\_initial\_contents**(doc\_class: *type*[*BaseDoc*], expected\_dict: *dict* | *None* = *None*) → *str*

Helper to write initial contents based on a format.

**nitpick.plugins.json.can\_handle**(info: *FileInfo*) → *type*[*NitpickPlugin*] | *None*

Handle JSON files.

**nitpick.plugins.json.plugin\_class**() → *type*[*NitpickPlugin*]

Handle JSON files.

**nitpick.plugins.text module**

Text files.

```
class nitpick.plugins.text.TextItemSchema(*, only: types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None, exclude:
    types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), many: bool = False, context:
    dict | None = None, load_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (),
    dump_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), partial: bool |
    types.StrSequenceOrSet = False, unknown: str | None =
    None)
```

Bases: *Schema*

Validation schema for the object inside contains.

**class Meta**

Bases: *object*

Options object for a Schema.

Example usage:

```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields:** Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.
- **additional:** Tuple or list of fields to include *in addition* to the explicitly declared fields. `additional` and `fields` are mutually-exclusive options.
- **include:** Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. It is usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.
- **dateformat:** Default format for *Date* `<fields.Date>` fields.
- **datetimeformat:** Default format for *DateTime* `<fields.DateTime>` fields.
- **timeformat:** Default format for *Time* `<fields.Time>` fields.
- **render\_module:** Module to use for *loads* `<Schema.loads>` and *dumps* `<Schema.dumps>`. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.
- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- **load\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- **dump\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with *marshmallow*'s internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

## OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of *SchemaOpts*

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.DateTime'>, <class
'float'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time'>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

property `dict_class`: *type*

`dump(obj: Any, *, many: bool | None = None)`

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this *Schema*'s fields.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.

- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dumps**(*obj: Any*, \**args*, *many: bool | None = None*, \*\**kwargs*)

Same as `dump()`, except return a JSON-encoded string.

**Parameters**

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

**error\_messages:** `Dict[str, str] = {'unknown': 'Unknown configuration. See https://nitpick.rtf.d.io/en/latest/plugins.html#text-files.'}`

Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(*fields: dict[str, ma\_fields.Field | type]*, \*, *name: str = 'GeneratedSchema'*) → *type*

Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

**Parameters**

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the `repr` for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(*obj: Any*, *attr: str*, *default: Any*)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of *obj* and *attr*.

**handle\_error**(*error*: *ValidationError*, *data*: *Any*, \*, *many*: *bool*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

#### Parameters

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.
- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of *many* on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of *partial* on load.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(*data*: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*, *partial*: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, *unknown*: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**loads**(*json\_data*: *str*, \*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*, *partial*: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, *unknown*: *str* | *None* = *None*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(*field\_name*: *str*, *field\_obj*: *Field*) → *None*

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

**opts**: *SchemaOpts* = <marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>

**property set\_class**: *type*

**validate**(*data*: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*, *partial*: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*) → *dict*[*str*, *list*[*str*]]

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

#### Returns

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

**class** nitpick.plugins.text.**TextPlugin**(*info*: *FileInfo*, *expected\_config*: *JsonDict*, *autofix*=*False*)

Bases: *NitpickPlugin*

Enforce configuration on text files.

To check if *some.txt* file contains the lines *abc* and *def* (in any order):

```
["some.txt".contains]]
line = "abc"

["some.txt".contains]]
line = "def"
```

**dirty**: *bool*

**enforce\_rules**() → *Iterator*[*Fuss*]

Enforce rules for missing lines.

**entry\_point**() → *Iterator*[*Fuss*]

Entry point of the Nitpick plugin.

**expected\_config**: *JsonDict*

**file\_path**: *Path*

**filename** = ''

**fixable**: *bool* = *False*

Can this plugin modify its files directly? Are the files fixable?

**identify\_tags**: *set*[*str*] = {'text'}

Which identify tags this *nitpick.plugins.base.NitpickPlugin* child recognises.

**property initial\_contents:** `str`

Suggest the initial content for this missing file.

**property nitpick\_file\_dict:** `Dict[str, Any]`

Nitpick configuration for this file as a TOML dict, taken from the style file.

**post\_init()**

Hook for plugin initialization after the instance was created.

The name mimics `__post_init__()` on dataclasses, without the magic double underscores: [Post-init processing](#)

**predefined\_special\_config()**  $\rightarrow$  *SpecialConfig*

Create a predefined special configuration for this plugin. Each plugin can override this method.

**skip\_empty\_suggestion** = `True`

**validation\_schema**

alias of [TextSchema](#)

**violation\_base\_code:** `int` = `350`

**write\_file**(*file\_exists*: `bool`)  $\rightarrow$  *Fuss* | `None`

Hook to write the new file when autofix mode is on. Should be used by inherited classes.

**write\_initial\_contents**(*doc\_class*: *type*[*BaseDoc*], *expected\_dict*: *dict* | `None` = `None`)  $\rightarrow$  `str`

Helper to write initial contents based on a format.

```
class nitpick.plugins.text.TextSchema(*, only: types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None, exclude:
    types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), many: bool = False, context: dict |
    None = None, load_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), dump_only:
    types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), partial: bool |
    types.StrSequenceOrSet = False, unknown: str | None = None)
```

Bases: [Schema](#)

Validation schema for the text file TOML configuration.

**class Meta**

Bases: `object`

Options object for a Schema.

Example usage:

```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields:** Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.
- **additional:** Tuple or list of fields to include *in addition to the* explicitly declared fields. `additional` and `fields` are mutually-exclusive options.
- **include:** Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. It is usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.



- **dateformat:** Default format for *Date* <fields.Date> fields.
- **datetimeformat:** Default format for *DateTime* <fields.DateTime> fields.
- **timeformat:** Default format for *Time* <fields.Time> fields.
- **render\_module:** Module to use for *loads* <Schema.loads> and *dumps* <Schema.dumps>. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.
- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- **load\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- **dump\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with marshmallow's internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

#### OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of `SchemaOpts`

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.DateTime'>, <class
'float'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time'>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

property dict\_class: `type`

**dump**(obj: Any, \*, many: bool | None = None)

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this Schema's fields.

##### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

##### Returns

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if obj is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dumps**(*obj*: Any, \*args, many: bool | None = None, \*\*kwargs)

Same as `dump()`, except return a JSON-encoded string.

**Parameters**

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

**error\_messages**: Dict[str, str] = {'unknown': 'Unknown configuration. See <https://nitpick.rtfd.io/en/latest/plugins.html#text-files>.'}  
Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields**: Dict[str, ma\_fields.Field]

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(fields: dict[str, ma\_fields.Field | type], \*, name: str = 'GeneratedSchema') -> type

Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

**Parameters**

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the repr for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(*obj*: Any, attr: str, default: Any)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of *obj* and *attr*.

**handle\_error**(error: ValidationError, data: Any, \*, many: bool, \*\*kwargs)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

**Parameters**

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.
- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of *many* on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of *partial* on load.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**loads**(json\_data: *str*, \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(field\_name: *str*, field\_obj: *Field*) → *None*

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

**opts**: *SchemaOpts* = <marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>

**property set\_class**: *type*

```
validate(data: Mapping[str, Any] | Iterable[Mapping[str, Any]], *, many: bool | None = None, partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None) → dict[str, list[str]]
```

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

#### Returns

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

```
class nitpick.plugins.text.Violations(value)
```

Bases: *ViolationEnum*

Violations for this plugin.

```
MISSING_LINES = (352, ' has missing lines:')
```

```
nitpick.plugins.text.can_handle(info: FileInfo) → type[NitpickPlugin] | None
```

Handle text files.

```
nitpick.plugins.text.plugin_class() → type[NitpickPlugin]
```

Handle text files.

## nitpick.plugins.toml module

TOML files.

```
class nitpick.plugins.toml.TomlPlugin(info: FileInfo, expected_config: JsonDict, autofix=False)
```

Bases: *NitpickPlugin*

Enforce configurations and autofix TOML files.

E.g.: `pyproject.toml` (PEP 518).

See also the `[tool.poetry]` section of the `pyproject.toml` file.

Style example: `Python 3.8 version constraint`. There are *many other examples here*.

```
dirty: bool
```

```
enforce_rules() → Iterator[Fuss]
```

Enforce rules for missing key/value pairs in the TOML file.

```
entry_point() → Iterator[Fuss]
```

Entry point of the Nitpick plugin.

```
expected_config: JsonDict
```

```
file_path: Path
```

```
filename = ''
```

**fixable:** `bool = True`

Can this plugin modify its files directly? Are the files fixable?

**identify\_tags:** `set[str] = {'toml'}`

Which identify tags this `nitpick.plugins.base.NitpickPlugin` child recognises.

**property initial\_contents:** `str`

Suggest the initial content for this missing file.

**property nitpick\_file\_dict:** `Dict[str, Any]`

Nitpick configuration for this file as a TOML dict, taken from the style file.

**post\_init()**

Hook for plugin initialization after the instance was created.

The name mimics `__post_init__()` on dataclasses, without the magic double underscores: `Post-init processing`

**predefined\_special\_config()**  $\rightarrow$  `SpecialConfig`

Create a predefined special configuration for this plugin. Each plugin can override this method.

**report**(*violation:* `ViolationEnum`, *document:* `TOMLDocument | None`, *change:* `TomlDoc | None`, *replacement:* `TomlDoc | None = None`)

Report a violation while optionally modifying the TOML document.

**skip\_empty\_suggestion = False**

**validation\_schema:** `Schema | None = None`

Nested validation field for this file, to be applied in runtime when the validation schema is rebuilt. Useful when you have a strict configuration for a file type (e.g. `nitpick.plugins.json.JsonPlugin`).

**violation\_base\_code:** `int = 310`

**write\_file**(*file\_exists:* `bool`)  $\rightarrow$  `Fuss | None`

Hook to write the new file when autofix mode is on. Should be used by inherited classes.

**write\_initial\_contents**(*doc\_class:* `type[BaseDoc]`, *expected\_dict:* `dict | None = None`)  $\rightarrow$  `str`

Helper to write initial contents based on a format.

`nitpick.plugins.toml.can_handle`(*info:* `FileInfo`)  $\rightarrow$  `type[NitpickPlugin] | None`

Handle TOML files.

`nitpick.plugins.toml.plugin_class`()  $\rightarrow$  `type[NitpickPlugin]`

Handle TOML files.

## nitpick.plugins.yaml module

YAML files.

**class** `nitpick.plugins.yaml.YamlPlugin`(*info:* `FileInfo`, *expected\_config:* `JsonDict`, *autofix=False*)

Bases: `NitpickPlugin`

Enforce configurations and autofix YAML files.

- Example: `.pre-commit-config.yaml`.
- Style example: `the default pre-commit hooks`.

**Warning:** The plugin tries to preserve comments in the YAML file by using the `ruamel.yaml` package. It works for most cases. If your comment was removed, place them in a different place of the file and try again. If it still doesn't work, please [report a bug](#).

Known issue: lists like `args` and `additional_dependencies` might be joined in a single line, and comments between items will be removed. Move your comments outside these lists, and they should be preserved.

---

**Note:** No validation of `.pre-commit-config.yaml` will be done anymore in this generic YAML plugin. Nitpick will not validate hooks and missing keys as it did before; it's not the purpose of this package.

---

**dirty:** `bool`

**enforce\_rules()** → `Iterator[Fuss]`

Enforce rules for missing data in the YAML file.

**entry\_point()** → `Iterator[Fuss]`

Entry point of the Nitpick plugin.

**expected\_config:** `JsonDict`

**file\_path:** `Path`

**filename** = ''

**fixable:** `bool = True`

Can this plugin modify its files directly? Are the files fixable?

**identify\_tags:** `set[str] = {'yaml'}`

Which identify tags this `nitpick.plugins.base.NitpickPlugin` child recognises.

**property initial\_contents:** `str`

Suggest the initial content for this missing file.

**property nitpick\_file\_dict:** `Dict[str, Any]`

Nitpick configuration for this file as a TOML dict, taken from the style file.

**post\_init()**

Hook for plugin initialization after the instance was created.

The name mimics `__post_init__()` on dataclasses, without the magic double underscores: [Post-init processing](#)

**predefined\_special\_config()** → `SpecialConfig`

Predefined special config, with list keys for `.pre-commit-config.yaml` and GitHub Workflow files.

**report**(*violation:* `ViolationEnum`, *yaml\_object:* `YamlObject`, *change:* `YamlDoc | None`, *replacement:* `YamlDoc | None = None`)

Report a violation while optionally modifying the YAML document.

**skip\_empty\_suggestion** = `False`

**validation\_schema:** `Schema | None = None`

Nested validation field for this file, to be applied in runtime when the validation schema is rebuilt. Useful when you have a strict configuration for a file type (e.g. `nitpick.plugins.json.JsonPlugin`).

**violation\_base\_code:** `int = 360`

**write\_file**(*file\_exists: bool*) → *Fuss* | *None*

Hook to write the new file when autofix mode is on. Should be used by inherited classes.

**write\_initial\_contents**(*doc\_class: type[BaseDoc]*, *expected\_dict: dict* | *None = None*) → *str*

Helper to write initial contents based on a format.

`nitpick.plugins.yaml.can_handle`(*info: FileInfo*) → *type[NitpickPlugin]* | *None*

Handle YAML files.

`nitpick.plugins.yaml.plugin_class`() → *type[NitpickPlugin]*

Handle YAML files.

## **nitpick.resources package**

A library of Nitpick styles. Building blocks that can be combined and reused.

### **Subpackages**

#### **nitpick.resources.any package**

Styles for any language.

#### **nitpick.resources.javascript package**

Styles for JavaScript.

#### **nitpick.resources.kotlin package**

Styles for Kotlin.

#### **nitpick.resources.presets package**

Style presets.

#### **nitpick.resources.proto package**

Styles for Protobuf files.

### nitpick.resources.python package

Styles for Python.

### nitpick.resources.shell package

Styles for shell scripts.

### nitpick.style package

Styles parsing and merging.

**class** nitpick.style.**StyleManager**(project: [Project](#), offline: *bool*, cache\_option: *str*)

Bases: [object](#)

Include styles recursively from one another.

**property** cache\_dir: [Path](#)

Clear the cache directory (on the project root or on the current directory).

**cache\_option:** *str*

**static** file\_field\_pair(filename: *str*, base\_file\_class: *type*[[NitpickPlugin](#)]) → dict[*str*, *fields.Field*]

Return a schema field with info from a config file class.

**find\_initial\_styles**(configured\_styles: *Sequence*[*str*], base: *str* | *None* = *None*) → *Iterator*[*Fuss*]

Find the initial style(s) and include them.

base is the URL for the source of the initial styles, and is used to resolve relative references. If omitted, defaults to the project root.

**static** get\_default\_style\_url(github=False) → *furl*

Return the URL of the default style/preset.

**include\_multiple\_styles**(chosen\_styles: *Iterable*[*furl*]) → *Iterator*[*Fuss*]

Include a list of styles (or just one) into this style tree.

**load\_fixed\_name\_plugins**() → *Set*[*Type*[[NitpickPlugin](#)]]

Separate classes with fixed file names from classes with dynamic files names.

**merge\_toml\_dict**() → *JsonDict*

Merge all included styles into a TOML (actually JSON) dictionary.

**offline:** *bool*

**project:** [Project](#)

**rebuild\_dynamic\_schema**() → *None*

Rebuild the dynamic Marshmallow schema when needed, adding new fields that were found on the style.

nitpick.style.**parse\_cache\_option**(cache\_option: *str*) → *tuple*[*CachingEnum*, *timedelta* | *int*]

Parse the cache option provided on pyproject.toml.

If no cache if provided or is invalid, the default is *one hour*.



## Subpackages

### nitpick.style.fetchers package

Style fetchers with protocol support.

**class** nitpick.style.fetchers.**Scheme**(*value*)

Bases: `LowercaseStrEnum`

URL schemes.

**FILE** = 'file'

**GH** = 'gh'

**GITHUB** = 'github'

**HTTP** = 'http'

**HTTPS** = 'https'

**PY** = 'py'

**PYPACKAGE** = 'pypackage'

**class** nitpick.style.fetchers.**StyleFetcherManager**(*offline: bool, cache\_dir: Path, cache\_option: str*)

Bases: `object`

Manager that controls which fetcher to be used given a protocol.

**cache\_dir:** `Path`

**cache\_option:** `str`

**fetch**(*url: furl*) → `str | None`

Determine which fetcher to be used and fetch from it.

Returns None when offline is True and the fetcher would otherwise require a connection.

**fetchers:** `dict[str, StyleFetcher]`

**normalize\_url**(*url: str | furl, base: furl*) → `furl`

Normalize a style URL.

The URL is made absolute against base, then passed to individual fetchers to produce a canonical version of the URL.

**offline:** `bool`

**schemes:** `tuple[str]`

**session:** `CachedSession`

## Submodules

### nitpick.style.fetchers.base module

Base class for fetchers that wrap inner fetchers with caching ability.

```
class nitpick.style.fetchers.base.StyleFetcher(session: CachedSession | None = None, protocols:  
                                              tuple[str, ...] = (), domains: tuple[str, ...] = ())
```

Bases: `object`

Base class of all fetchers, it encapsulates get/fetch from a specific source.

**domains:** `tuple[str, ...] = ()`

**fetch**(url: *furl*) → `str`

Fetch a style from a specific fetcher.

**normalize**(url: *furl*) → `furl`

Normalize a URL.

Produces a canonical URL, meant to be used to uniquely identify a style resource.

- The base name has `.toml` appended if not already ending in that extension
- Individual fetchers can further normalize the path and scheme.

**preprocess\_relative\_url**(url: *str*) → `str`

Preprocess a relative URL.

Only called for urls that lack a scheme (at the very least), being resolved against a base URL that matches this specific fetcher.

**protocols:** `tuple[str, ...] = ()`

**requires\_connection:** `ClassVar[bool] = False`

**session:** `CachedSession` | `None` = `None`

### nitpick.style.fetchers.file module

Basic local file fetcher.

```
class nitpick.style.fetchers.file.FileFetcher(session: CachedSession | None = None, protocols:  
                                              tuple[str, ...] = (<Scheme.FILE: 'file'>, ), domains:  
                                              tuple[str, ...] = ())
```

Bases: `StyleFetcher`

Fetch a style from a local file.

**domains:** `tuple[str, ...] = ()`

**fetch**(url: *furl*) → `str`

Fetch a style from a local file.

**normalize**(url: *furl*) → `furl`

Normalize a URL.

Produces a canonical URL, meant to be used to uniquely identify a style resource.

- The base name has .toml appended if not already ending in that extension
- Individual fetchers can further normalize the path and scheme.

**preprocess\_relative\_url**(url: str) → str

Preprocess a relative URL.

Only called for urls that lack a scheme (at the very least), being resolved against a base URL that matches this specific fetcher.

Relative paths are file paths; any ~ home reference is expanded at this point.

**protocols:** tuple[str, ...] = (<Scheme.FILE: 'file'>,)

**requires\_connection:** ClassVar[bool] = False

**session:** CachedSession | None = None

### nitpick.style.fetchers.github module

Support for gh and github schemes.

**class** nitpick.style.fetchers.github.**GitHubFetcher**(session: CachedSession | None = None, protocols: tuple[str, ...] = (<Scheme.GH: 'gh'>, <Scheme.GITHUB: 'github'>), domains: tuple[str, ...] = ('github.com', ))

Bases: *HttpFetcher*

Fetch styles from GitHub repositories.

**domains:** tuple[str, ...] = ('github.com',)

**fetch**(url: furl) → str

Fetch the style from a web location.

**normalize**(url: furl) → furl

Normalize a URL.

Produces a canonical URL, meant to be used to uniquely identify a style resource.

- The base name has .toml appended if not already ending in that extension
- Individual fetchers can further normalize the path and scheme.

**preprocess\_relative\_url**(url: str) → str

Preprocess a relative URL.

Only called for urls that lack a scheme (at the very least), being resolved against a base URL that matches this specific fetcher.

**protocols:** tuple[str, ...] = (<Scheme.GH: 'gh'>, <Scheme.GITHUB: 'github'>)

**requires\_connection:** ClassVar[bool] = True

**session:** CachedSession | None = None

**class** nitpick.style.fetchers.github.**GitHubURL**(owner: str, repository: str, git\_reference: str, path: tuple[str, ...] = (), auth\_token: str | None = None, query\_params: tuple[tuple[str, str], ...] | None = None)

Bases: `object`

Represent a GitHub URL, created from a URL or from its parts.

**property** `api_url: furl`

API URL for this repo.

**auth\_token: str | None = None**

**property** `credentials: tuple[str, str] | tuple[()]`

Credentials encoded in this URL.

A tuple of (`api_token`, `' '`) if present, or empty tuple otherwise.

**property** `default_branch: str`

Default GitHub branch.

**classmethod** `from_furl(url: furl) → GitHubURL`

Create an instance from a parsed URL in any accepted format.

See the code for `test_parsing_github_urls()` for more examples.

**git\_reference: str**

**property** `git_reference_or_default: str`

Return the Git reference if informed, or return the default branch.

**property** `long_protocol_url: furl`

Long protocol URL (github).

**owner: str**

**path: tuple[str, ...] = ()**

**query\_params: tuple[tuple[str, str], ...] | None = None**

**property** `raw_content_url: furl`

Raw content URL for this path.

**repository: str**

**property** `short_protocol_url: furl`

Short protocol URL (gh).

**property** `token: str | None`

Token encoded in this URL.

If present and it starts with a `$`, it will be replaced with the value of the environment corresponding to the remaining part of the string.

**property** `url: furl`

Default URL built from attributes.

`nitpick.style.fetchers.github.get_default_branch(api_url: str, *, token: str | None = None) → str`

Get the default branch from the GitHub repo using the API.

For now, for URLs without an authorization token embedded, the request is not authenticated on GitHub, so it might hit a rate limit with: `requests.exceptions.HTTPError: 403 Client Error: rate limit exceeded for url`

This function is using `lru_cache()` as a simple memoizer, trying to avoid this rate limit error.

## nitpick.style.fetchers.http module

Base HTTP fetcher, other fetchers can inherit from this to wrap http errors.

```

class nitpick.style.fetchers.http.HttpFetcher(session: CachedSession | None = None, protocols:
    tuple[str, ...] = (<Scheme.HTTP: 'http'>,
    <Scheme.HTTPS: 'https'>), domains: tuple[str, ...] = ())

    Bases: StyleFetcher

    Fetch a style from an http/https server.

    domains: tuple[str, ...] = ()

    fetch(url: furl) → str
        Fetch the style from a web location.

    normalize(url: furl) → furl
        Normalize a URL.

        Produces a canonical URL, meant to be used to uniquely identify a style resource.

        • The base name has .toml appended if not already ending in that extension
        • Individual fetchers can further normalize the path and scheme.

    preprocess_relative_url(url: str) → str
        Preprocess a relative URL.

        Only called for urls that lack a scheme (at the very least), being resolved against a base URL that matches
        this specific fetcher.

    protocols: tuple[str, ...] = (<Scheme.HTTP: 'http'>, <Scheme.HTTPS: 'https'>)

    requires_connection: ClassVar[bool] = True

    session: CachedSession | None = None

```

## nitpick.style.fetchers.pypackage module

Support for py schemes.

```

class nitpick.style.fetchers.pypackage.BuiltinStyle(*, py_url: furl, py_url_without_ext: furl,
    path_from_repo_root: str,
    path_from_resources_root: str)

    Bases: object

    A built-in style file in TOML format.

    Method generated by attrs for class BuiltinStyle.

    files: list[str]

    classmethod from_path(resource_path: Path) → BuiltinStyle
        Create a built-in style from a resource path.

    identify_tag: str

    name: str

```

```
path_from_repo_root: str
path_from_resources_root: str
py_url: furl
py_url_without_ext: furl
pypackage_url: PythonPackageURL
url: str
```

```
class nitpick.style.fetchers.pypackage.PythonPackageFetcher(session: CachedSession | None =
                                                             None, protocols: tuple[str, ...] =
                                                             (<Scheme.PY: 'py'>,
                                                              <Scheme.PYPACKAGE:
                                                                'pypackage'>), domains: tuple[str, ...]
                                                             = ())
```

Bases: [StyleFetcher](#)

Fetch a style from an installed Python package.

URL schemes: - py://import/path/of/style/file/<style\_file\_name> - pypackage://import/path/of/style/file/<style\_file\_name>

E.g. py://some\_package/path/nitpick.toml.

**domains:** `tuple[str, ...] = ()`

**fetch**(url: furl) → str

Fetch the style from a Python package.

**normalize**(url: furl) → furl

Normalize a URL.

Produces a canonical URL, meant to be used to uniquely identify a style resource.

- The base name has .toml appended if not already ending in that extension
- Individual fetchers can further normalize the path and scheme.

**preprocess\_relative\_url**(url: str) → str

Preprocess a relative URL.

Only called for urls that lack a scheme (at the very least), being resolved against a base URL that matches this specific fetcher.

**protocols:** `tuple[str, ...] = (<Scheme.PY: 'py'>, <Scheme.PYPACKAGE: 'pypackage'>)`

**requires\_connection:** `ClassVar[bool] = False`

**session:** `CachedSession | None = None`

```
class nitpick.style.fetchers.pypackage.PythonPackageURL(import_path: str, resource_name: str)
```

Bases: [object](#)

Represent a resource file in installed Python package.

**property content\_path:** `Path`

Raw path of resource file.

**classmethod** `from_furl(url: furl) → PythonPackageURL`

Create an instance from a parsed URL in any accepted format.

See the code for `test_parsing_python_package_urls()` for more examples.

**import\_path:** `str`

**resource\_name:** `str`

`nitpick.style.fetchers.pypackage.builtin_resources_root()` → Path

Built-in resources root.

`nitpick.style.fetchers.pypackage.builtin_styles()` → Iterable[Path]

List the built-in styles.

`nitpick.style.fetchers.pypackage.repo_root()` → Path

Repository root, 3 levels up from the resources root.

## Submodules

### nitpick.style.cache module

Cache functions and configuration for styles.

`nitpick.style.cache.parse_cache_option(cache_option: str) → tuple[CachingEnum, timedelta | int]`

Parse the cache option provided on pyproject.toml.

If no cache if provided or is invalid, the default is *one hour*.

### nitpick.style.config module

Config validator.

**class** `nitpick.style.config.ConfigValidator(project: Project)`

Bases: `object`

Validate a nitpick configuration.

**project:** `Project`

**validate**(`config_dict: Dict`) → Tuple[Dict, Dict]

Validate an already parsed toml file.

### nitpick.style.core module

Style files.

**class** `nitpick.style.core.StyleManager(project: Project, offline: bool, cache_option: str)`

Bases: `object`

Include styles recursively from one another.

**property** `cache_dir: Path`

Clear the cache directory (on the project root or on the current directory).

**cache\_option:** `str`

**static file\_field\_pair**(*filename: str, base\_file\_class: type[NitpickPlugin]*) → dict[str, fields.Field]

Return a schema field with info from a config file class.

**find\_initial\_styles**(*configured\_styles: Sequence[str], base: str | None = None*) → Iterator[Fuss]

Find the initial style(s) and include them.

base is the URL for the source of the initial styles, and is used to resolve relative references. If omitted, defaults to the project root.

**static get\_default\_style\_url**(*github=False*) → furl

Return the URL of the default style/preset.

**include\_multiple\_styles**(*chosen\_styles: Iterable[furl]*) → Iterator[Fuss]

Include a list of styles (or just one) into this style tree.

**load\_fixed\_name\_plugins**() → Set[Type[NitpickPlugin]]

Separate classes with fixed file names from classes with dynamic files names.

**merge\_toml\_dict**() → JsonDict

Merge all included styles into a TOML (actually JSON) dictionary.

**offline:** `bool`

**project:** `Project`

**rebuild\_dynamic\_schema**() → None

Rebuild the dynamic Marshmallow schema when needed, adding new fields that were found on the style.

## 12.1.2 Submodules

### nitpick.blender module

Dictionary blender and configuration file formats.

**class** nitpick.blender.**BaseDoc**(*\*, path: PathOrStr | None = None, string: str | None = None, obj: JsonDict | None = None*)

Bases: `object`

Base class for configuration file formats.

#### Parameters

- **path** – Path of the config file to be loaded.
- **string** – Config in string format.
- **obj** – Config object (Python dict, YamlDoc, TomlDoc instances).

**property as\_object:** `dict`

String content converted to a Python object (dict, YAML object instance, etc.).

**property as\_string:** `str`

Contents of the file or the original string provided when the instance was created.

**abstract load**() → `bool`

Load the configuration from a file, a string or a dict.



**property reformat:** `str`

Reformat the configuration dict as a new string (it might not match the original string/file contents).

**class** nitpick.blender.**Comparison**(*actual: TBaseDoc, expected: JsonDict, special\_config: SpecialConfig*)

Bases: `object`

A comparison between two dictionaries, computing missing items and differences.

**property diff:** `TBaseDoc | None`

Different data.

**property has\_changes:** `bool`

Return True if there is a difference or something missing.

**property missing:** `TBaseDoc | None`

Missing data.

**property replace:** `TBaseDoc | None`

Data to be replaced.

**class** nitpick.blender.**ElementDetail**(*data: ElementData, key: str | list[str], index: int, scalar: bool, compact: str*)

Bases: `object`

Detailed information about an element of a list.

Method generated by attrs for class ElementDetail.

**property cast\_to\_dict:** `Dict[str, Any]`

Data cast to dict, for mpy.

**compact:** `str`

**data:** `ElementData`

**classmethod** **from\_data**(*index: int, data: Dict[str, Any] | str | int | float | CommentedMap | List[Any], jmes\_key: str*)  $\rightarrow$  `ElementDetail`

Create an element detail from dict data.

**index:** `int`

**key:** `str | list[str]`

**scalar:** `bool`

**class** nitpick.blender.**InlineTableTomlDecoder**(*\_dict=<class 'dict'>*)

Bases: `TomlDecoder`

A hacky decoder to work around some bug (or unfinished work) in the Python TOML package.

<https://github.com/uiri/toml/issues/362>.

**bounded\_string**(*s*)

**embed\_comments**(*idx, currentlevel*)

**get\_empty\_inline\_table**()

Hackity hack for a crappy unmaintained package.

Total lack of respect, the guy doesn't even reply: <https://github.com/uiri/toml/issues/361>

`get_empty_table()`

`load_array(a)`

`load_inline_object(line, currentlevel, multikey=False, multibackslash=False)`

`load_line(line, currentlevel, multikey, multibackslash)`

`load_value(v, strictly_valid=True)`

`preserve_comment(line_no, key, comment, beginline)`

**class** nitpick.blender.JsonDoc(\*, path: PathOrStr | None = None, string: str | None = None, obj: JsonDict | None = None)

Bases: [BaseDoc](#)

JSON configuration format.

**property** as\_object: dict

String content converted to a Python object (dict, YAML object instance, etc.).

**property** as\_string: str

Contents of the file or the original string provided when the instance was created.

**load()** → bool

Load a JSON file by its path, a string or a dict.

**property** reformatted: str

Reformat the configuration dict as a new string (it might not match the original string/file contents).

**class** nitpick.blender.ListDetail(data: ListOrCommentedSeq, elements: list[ElementDetail])

Bases: [object](#)

Detailed info about a list.

Method generated by attrs for class ListDetail.

**data:** ListOrCommentedSeq

**elements:** list[ElementDetail]

**find\_by\_key(desired: ElementDetail)** → ElementDetail | None

Find an element by key.

**classmethod** from\_data(data: List[Any] | CommentedSeq, jmes\_key: str) → ListDetail

Create a list detail from list data.

nitpick.blender.SEPARATOR\_QUOTED\_SPLIT = '#\$@'

Special unique separator for [nitpick.blender.quoted\\_split\(\)](#).

**class** nitpick.blender.SensibleYAML

Bases: [YAML](#)

YAML with sensible defaults but an inefficient dump to string.

[Output of dump\(\)](#) as a string.

**typ: 'rt'/None -> RoundTripLoader/RoundTripDumper, (default)**

'safe' -> SafeLoader/SafeDumper, 'unsafe' -> normal/unsafe Loader/Dumper 'base' -> baseloader

pure: if True only use Python modules input/output: needed to work as context manager plug\_ins: a list of plug-in files

**Xdump\_all**(documents: *Any*, stream: *Any*, \*, transform: *Any* | *None* = *None*) → *Any*

Serialize a sequence of Python objects into a YAML stream.

**property block\_seq\_indent:** *Any*

**compact**(seq\_seq: *Any* | *None* = *None*, seq\_map: *Any* | *None* = *None*) → *None*

**compose**(stream: *Path* | *Any*) → *Any*

Parse the first YAML document in a stream and produce the corresponding representation tree.

**compose\_all**(stream: *Path* | *Any*) → *Any*

Parse all YAML documents in a stream and produce corresponding representation trees.

**property composer:** *Any*

**property constructor:** *Any*

**dump**(data: *Path* | *Any*, stream: *Any* | *None* = *None*, \*, transform: *Any* | *None* = *None*) → *Any*

**dump\_all**(documents: *Any*, stream: *Path* | *Any*, \*, transform: *Any* | *None* = *None*) → *Any*

**dumps**(data) → *str*

Dump to a string... who would want such a thing? One can dump to a file or stdout.

**emit**(events: *Any*, stream: *Any*) → *None*

Emit YAML parsing events into a stream. If stream is *None*, return the produced string instead.

**property emitter:** *Any*

**get\_constructor\_parser**(stream: *Any*) → *Any*

the old cyaml needs special setup, and therefore the stream

**get\_serializer\_representer\_emitter**(stream: *Any*, tlc: *Any*) → *Any*

**property indent:** *Any*

**load**(stream: *Path* | *Any*) → *Any*

at this point you either have the non-pure Parser (which has its own reader and scanner) or you have the pure Parser. If the pure Parser is set, then set the Reader and Scanner, if not already set. If either the Scanner or Reader are set, you cannot use the non-pure Parser,

so reset it to the pure parser and set the Reader resp. Scanner if necessary

**load\_all**(stream: *Path* | *Any*) → *Any*

**loads**(string: *str*)

Load YAML from a string... that unusual use case in a world of files only.

**map**(\*\*kw: *Any*) → *Any*

**official\_plug\_ins**() → *Any*

search for list of subdirs that are plug-ins, if `__file__` is not available, e.g. single file installers that are not properly emulating a file-system (issue 324) no plug-ins will be found. If any are packaged, you know which file that are and you can explicitly provide it during instantiation:

```
yaml = ruamel.yaml.YAML(plug_ins=['ruamel/yaml/jinja2/__plug_in__'])
```

**parse**(stream: *Any*) → *Any*

Parse a YAML stream and produce parsing events.

**property parser:** *Any*

**property reader:** *Any*

**register\_class**(cls: *Any*) → *Any*

register a class for dumping/loading - if it has attribute `yaml_tag` use that to register, else use class name - if it has methods `to_yaml/from_yaml` use those to dump/load else dump attributes as mapping

**property representer:** *Any*

**property resolver:** *Any*

**scan**(stream: *Any*) → *Any*

Scan a YAML stream and produce scanning tokens.

**property scanner:** *Any*

**seq**(\*args: *Any*) → *Any*

**serialize**(node: *Any*, stream: *Any* | *None*) → *Any*

Serialize a representation tree into a YAML stream. If stream is *None*, return the produced string instead.

**serialize\_all**(nodes: *Any*, stream: *Any* | *None*) → *Any*

Serialize a sequence of representation trees into a YAML stream. If stream is *None*, return the produced string instead.

**property serializer:** *Any*

**property version:** *Any* | *None*

**class** nitpick.blender.**TomlDoc**(\* , path: *PathOrStr* | *None* = *None*, string: *str* | *None* = *None*, obj: *JsonDict* | *None* = *None*, use\_tomlkit=False)

Bases: *BaseDoc*

TOML configuration format.

**property as\_object:** *dict*

String content converted to a Python object (dict, YAML object instance, etc.).

**property as\_string:** *str*

Contents of the file or the original string provided when the instance was created.

**load**() → *bool*

Load a TOML file by its path, a string or a dict.

**property reformatted:** *str*

Reformat the configuration dict as a new string (it might not match the original string/file contents).

**class** nitpick.blender.**YamlDoc**(\* , path: *PathOrStr* | *None* = *None*, string: *str* | *None* = *None*, obj: *JsonDict* | *None* = *None*)

Bases: *BaseDoc*

YAML configuration format.

**property as\_object:** *dict*

String content converted to a Python object (dict, YAML object instance, etc.).

**property as\_string:** `str`

Contents of the file or the original string provided when the instance was created.

**load()** → `bool`

Load a YAML file by its path, a string or a dict.

**property reformatted:** `str`

Reformat the configuration dict as a new string (it might not match the original string/file contents).

**updater:** `SensibleYAML`

`nitpick.blender.compare_lists_with_dictdiffer(actual: list | dict, expected: list | dict, *, return_list: bool = True) → list | dict`

Compare two lists using dictdiffer.

`nitpick.blender.custom_reducer(separator: str) → Callable`

Custom reducer for `flatten_dict.flatten_dict.flatten()` accepting a separator.

`nitpick.blender.custom_splitter(separator: str) → Callable`

Custom splitter for `flatten_dict.flatten_dict.unflatten()` accepting a separator.

`nitpick.blender.flatten_quotes(dict_: Dict[str, Any], separator='.') → Dict[str, Any]`

Flatten a dict keeping quotes in keys.

`nitpick.blender.is_scalar(value: Dict[str, Any] | List[Any] | str | float) → bool`

Return True if the value is NOT a dict or a list.

`nitpick.blender.quote_if_dotted(key: str) → str`

Quote the key if it has a dot.

`nitpick.blender.quote_reducer(separator: str) → Callable`

Reducer used to unflatten dicts. Quote keys when they have dots.

`nitpick.blender.quoted_split(string_: str, separator='.') → list[str]`

Split a string by a separator, but considering quoted parts (single or double quotes).

```
>>> quoted_split("my.key.without.quotes")
['my', 'key', 'without', 'quotes']
>>> quoted_split('"double.quoted.string"')
['double.quoted.string']
>>> quoted_split('"double.quoted.string".and.after')
['double.quoted.string', 'and', 'after']
>>> quoted_split('something.before."double.quoted.string"')
['something', 'before', 'double.quoted.string']
>>> quoted_split('"single.quoted.string"')
['single.quoted.string']
>>> quoted_split('"single.quoted.string".and.after')
['single.quoted.string', 'and', 'after']
>>> quoted_split('something.before.'single.quoted.string')
['something', 'before', 'single.quoted.string']
```

`nitpick.blender.quotes_splitter(flat_key: str) → tuple[str, ...]`

Split keys keeping quoted strings together.

`nitpick.blender.replace_or_add_list_element(yaml_obj: CommentedSeq | CommentedMap, element: Any, key: str, index: int) → None`

Replace or add a new element in a YAML sequence of mappings.

`nitpick.blender.search_json(json_data: ElementData, jmespath_expression: ParsedResult | str, default: Any | None = None) → Any`

Search a dictionary or list using a JMESPath expression. Return a default value if not found.

```
>>> data = {"root": {"app": [1, 2], "test": "something"}}
>>> search_json(data, "root.app", None)
[1, 2]
>>> search_json(data, "root.test", None)
'something'
>>> search_json(data, "root.unknown", "")
''
>>> search_json(data, "root.unknown", None)
```

```
>>> search_json(data, "root.unknown")
```

```
>>> search_json(data, jmespath.compile("root.app"), [])
[1, 2]
>>> search_json(data, jmespath.compile("root.whatever"), "xxx")
'xxx'
>>> search_json(data, "")
```

```
>>> search_json(data, None)
```

#### Parameters

- **jmespath\_expression** – A compiled JMESPath expression or a string with an expression.
- **json\_data** – The dictionary to be searched.
- **default** – Default value in case nothing is found.

#### Returns

The object that was found or the default value.

`nitpick.blender.set_key_if_not_empty(dict_: Dict[str, Any], key: str, value: Any) → None`

Update the dict if the value is valid.

`nitpick.blender.traverse_toml_tree(document: TOMLDocument, dictionary)`

Traverse a TOML document recursively and change values, keeping its formatting and comments.

`nitpick.blender.traverse_yaml_tree(yaml_obj: CommentedSeq | CommentedMap, change: Dict[str, Any])`

Traverse a YAML document recursively and change values, keeping its formatting and comments.

## nitpick.cli module

Module that contains the command line app.

Why does this file exist, and why not put this in `__main__`?

You might be tempted to import things from `__main__` later, but that will cause problems: the code will get executed twice:

- **When you run `python -mnitpick` python will execute `__main__.py` as a script.**  
That means there won't be any `nitpick.__main__` in `sys.modules`.

- When you import `__main__` it will get executed again (as a module) because there's no `nitpick.__main__` in `sys.modules`.

Also see (1) from <https://click.palletsprojects.com/en/5.x/setuptools/#setuptools-integration>

`nitpick.cli.common_fix_or_check(context, verbose: int, files, check_only: bool)` → `None`

Common CLI code for both “fix” and “check” commands.

`nitpick.cli.get_nitpick(context: Context)` → `Nitpick`

Create a Nitpick instance from the click context parameters.

## nitpick.compat module

Handle import compatibility issues.

## nitpick.config module

Special configurations.

```
class nitpick.config.OverridableConfig(from_plugin: Dict[str, Any] = _Nothing.NOTHING, from_style:
    Dict[str, Any] = _Nothing.NOTHING, value: Dict[str, Any] =
    _Nothing.NOTHING)
```

Bases: `object`

Configs formed from defaults from the plugin that can be overridden by the style.

Method generated by attrs for class `OverridableConfig`.

**from\_plugin:** `Dict[str, Any]`

**from\_style:** `Dict[str, Any]`

**value:** `Dict[str, Any]`

```
class nitpick.config.SpecialConfig(list_keys: OverridableConfig = _Nothing.NOTHING)
```

Bases: `object`

Special configurations for plugins.

Method generated by attrs for class `SpecialConfig`.

**list\_keys:** `OverridableConfig`

## nitpick.constants module

Constants.

## nitpick.core module

The Nitpick application.

**class** nitpick.core.Nitpick

Bases: `object`

The Nitpick API.

**configured\_files**(\*partial\_names: *str*) → `List[Path]`

List of files configured in the Nitpick style. Filter only the selected partial names.

**echo**(message: *str*)

Echo a message on the terminal, with the relative path at the beginning.

**enforce\_present\_absent**(\*partial\_names: *str*) → `Iterator[Fuss]`

Enforce files that should be present or absent.

**Parameters**

**partial\_names** – Names of the files to enforce configs for.

**Returns**

Fuss generator.

**enforce\_style**(\*partial\_names: *str*, autofix=True) → `Iterator[Fuss]`

Read the merged style and enforce the rules in it.

1. Get all root keys from the merged style (every key is a filename, except “nitpick”).
2. For each file name, find the plugin(s) that can handle the file.

**Parameters**

- **partial\_names** – Names of the files to enforce configs for.
- **autofix** – Flag to modify files, if the plugin supports it (default: True).

**Returns**

Fuss generator.

**init**(project\_root: *Path* | *str* | *None* = None, offline: *bool* | *None* = None) → *Nitpick*

Initialize attributes of the singleton.

**offline**: `bool`

**project**: *Project*

**run**(\*partial\_names: *str*, autofix=False) → `Iterator[Fuss]`

Run Nitpick.

**Parameters**

- **partial\_names** – Names of the files to enforce configs for.
- **autofix** – Flag to modify files, if the plugin supports it (default: True).

**Returns**

Fuss generator.

**classmethod singleton**() → *Nitpick*

Return a single instance of the class.



## nitpick.enums module

Enums.

**class** nitpick.enums.CachingEnum(*value*)

Bases: `IntEnum`

Caching modes for styles.

**EXPIRES** = 3

The cache expires after the configured amount of time (minutes/hours/days).

**FOREVER** = 2

Once the style(s) are cached, they never expire.

**NEVER** = 1

Never cache, the style file(s) are always looked-up.

**class** nitpick.enums.OptionEnum(*value*)

Bases: `_OptionMixin`, `Enum`

Options to be used with the CLI.

**OFFLINE** = 'Offline mode: no style will be downloaded (no HTTP requests at all)'

**name:** `str`

## nitpick.exceptions module

Nitpick exceptions.

**class** nitpick.exceptions.Deprecation

Bases: `object`

All deprecation messages in a single class.

When it's time to break compatibility, remove a method/warning below, and older config files will trigger validation errors on Nitpick.

**static** jsonfile\_section(*style\_errors: dict[str, Any]*) → `bool`

The [nitpick.JSONFile] is not needed anymore; JSON files are now detected by the extension.

**static** pre\_commit\_repos\_with\_yaml\_key() → `bool`

The pre-commit config should not have the “repos.yaml” key anymore; this is the old style.

Slight breaking change in the TOML config format: ditching the old TOML config.

**static** pre\_commit\_without\_dash(*path\_from\_root: str*) → `bool`

The pre-commit config should start with a dot on the config file.

**exception** nitpick.exceptions.QuitComplainingError(*violations: Fuss | list[Fuss]*)

Bases: `Exception`

Quit complaining and exit the application.

**args**

**with\_traceback()**

Exception.with\_traceback(tb) – set self.\_\_traceback\_\_ to tb and return self.

`nitpick.exceptions.pretty_exception(err: Exception, message: str = "")`

Return a pretty error message with the full path of the Exception.

## nitpick.fields module

Custom Marshmallow fields and validators.

**class** `nitpick.fields.Dict`(keys: *Field* | *type* | *None* = *None*, values: *Field* | *type* | *None* = *None*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Bases: `Mapping`

A dict field. Supports dicts and dict-like objects. Extends `Mapping` with `dict` as the `mapping_type`.

Example:

```
numbers = fields.Dict(keys=fields.Str(), values=fields.Float())
```

### Parameters

**kwargs** – The same keyword arguments that `Mapping` receives.

New in version 2.1.0.

### property context

The context dictionary for the parent Schema.

### property default

**default\_error\_messages** = {'invalid': 'Not a valid mapping type.'}

Default error messages.

**deserialize**(value: *Any*, attr: *str* | *None* = *None*, data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *None* = *None*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Deserialize value.

### Parameters

- **value** – The value to deserialize.
- **attr** – The attribute/key in *data* to deserialize.
- **data** – The raw input data passed to *Schema.load*.
- **kwargs** – Field-specific keyword arguments.

### Raises

**ValidationError** – If an invalid value is passed or if a required value is missing.

**fail**(key: *str*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Helper method that raises a *ValidationError* with an error message from `self.error_messages`.

Deprecated since version 3.0.0: Use `make_error <marshmallow.fields.Field.make_error>` instead.

**get\_value**(obj, attr, accessor=*None*, default=<marshmallow.missing>)

Return the value for a given key from an object.

### Parameters

- **obj** (*object*) – The object to get the value from.
- **attr** (*str*) – The attribute/key in *obj* to get the value from.
- **accessor** (*callable*) – A callable used to retrieve the value of *attr* from the object *obj*. Defaults to `marshmallow.utils.get_value`.

**make\_error**(key: *str*, \*\*kwargs) → *ValidationError*

Helper method to make a *ValidationError* with an error message from `self.error_messages`.

**mapping\_type**

alias of `dict`

**property missing**

**name** = `None`

**parent** = `None`

**root** = `None`

**serialize**(attr: *str*, obj: *Any*, accessor: *Callable*[[*Any*, *str*, *Any*], *Any*] | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Pulls the value for the given key from the object, applies the field's formatting and returns the result.

#### Parameters

- **attr** – The attribute/key to get from the object.
- **obj** – The object to access the attribute/key from.
- **accessor** – Function used to access values from obj.
- **kwargs** – Field-specific keyword arguments.

```
class nitpick.fields.Field(*, load_default: typing.Any = <marshmallow.missing>, missing: typing.Any =
    <marshmallow.missing>, dump_default: typing.Any = <marshmallow.missing>,
    default: typing.Any = <marshmallow.missing>, data_key: str | None = None,
    attribute: str | None = None, validate: None | (typing.Callable[[typing.Any],
    typing.Any] | typing.Iterable[typing.Callable[[typing.Any], typing.Any]]) = None,
    required: bool = False, allow_none: bool | None = None, load_only: bool =
    False, dump_only: bool = False, error_messages: dict[str, str] | None = None,
    metadata: typing.Mapping[str, typing.Any] | None = None,
    **additional_metadata)
```

Bases: `FieldABC`

Basic field from which other fields should extend. It applies no formatting by default, and should only be used in cases where data does not need to be formatted before being serialized or deserialized. On error, the name of the field will be returned.

#### Parameters

- **dump\_default** – If set, this value will be used during serialization if the input value is missing. If not set, the field will be excluded from the serialized output if the input value is missing. May be a value or a callable.
- **load\_default** – Default deserialization value for the field if the field is not found in the input data. May be a value or a callable.
- **data\_key** – The name of the dict key in the external representation, i.e. the input of *load* and the output of *dump*. If *None*, the key will match the name of the field.
- **attribute** – The name of the attribute to get the value from when serializing. If *None*, assumes the attribute has the same name as the field. Note: This should only be used for very specific use cases such as outputting multiple fields for a single attribute. In most cases, you should use *data\_key* instead.
- **validate** – Validator or collection of validators that are called during deserialization. Validator takes a field's input value as its only parameter and returns a boolean. If it returns *False*, an *ValidationError* is raised.

- **required** – Raise a `ValidationError` if the field value is not supplied during deserialization.
- **allow\_none** – Set this to `True` if `None` should be considered a valid value during validation/deserialization. If `load_default=None` and `allow_none` is unset, will default to `True`. Otherwise, the default is `False`.
- **load\_only** – If `True` skip this field during serialization, otherwise its value will be present in the serialized data.
- **dump\_only** – If `True` skip this field during deserialization, otherwise its value will be present in the deserialized object. In the context of an HTTP API, this effectively marks the field as “read-only”.
- **error\_messages** (*dict*) – Overrides for `Field.default_error_messages`.
- **metadata** – Extra information to be stored as field metadata.

Changed in version 2.0.0: Removed `error` parameter. Use `error_messages` instead.

Changed in version 2.0.0: Added `allow_none` parameter, which makes validation/deserialization of `None` consistent across fields.

Changed in version 2.0.0: Added `load_only` and `dump_only` parameters, which allow field skipping during the (de)serialization process.

Changed in version 2.0.0: Added `missing` parameter, which indicates the value for a field if the field is not found during deserialization.

Changed in version 2.0.0: `default` value is only used if explicitly set. Otherwise, missing values inputs are excluded from serialized output.

Changed in version 3.0.0b8: Add `data_key` parameter for the specifying the key in the input and output data. This parameter replaced both `load_from` and `dump_to`.

#### property context

The context dictionary for the parent Schema.

#### property default

```
default_error_messages = {'null': 'Field may not be null.', 'required': 'Missing data for required field.', 'validator_failed': 'Invalid value.'}
```

Default error messages for various kinds of errors. The keys in this dictionary are passed to `Field.make_error`. The values are error messages passed to `marshmallow.exceptions.ValidationError`.

**deserialize**(*value*: *Any*, *attr*: *str* | *None* = *None*, *data*: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *None* = *None*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Deserialize value.

#### Parameters

- **value** – The value to deserialize.
- **attr** – The attribute/key in `data` to deserialize.
- **data** – The raw input data passed to `Schema.load`.
- **kwargs** – Field-specific keyword arguments.

#### Raises

**ValidationError** – If an invalid value is passed or if a required value is missing.

**fail**(key: *str*, \*\*kwargs)

Helper method that raises a *ValidationError* with an error message from `self.error_messages`.

Deprecated since version 3.0.0: Use `make_error <marshmallow.fields.Field.make_error>` instead.

**get\_value**(obj, attr, accessor=None, default=<marshmallow.missing>)

Return the value for a given key from an object.

#### Parameters

- **obj** (*object*) – The object to get the value from.
- **attr** (*str*) – The attribute/key in *obj* to get the value from.
- **accessor** (*callable*) – A callable used to retrieve the value of *attr* from the object *obj*. Defaults to `marshmallow.utils.get_value`.

**make\_error**(key: *str*, \*\*kwargs) → *ValidationError*

Helper method to make a *ValidationError* with an error message from `self.error_messages`.

**property missing**

**name** = None

**parent** = None

**root** = None

**serialize**(attr: *str*, obj: *Any*, accessor: *Callable*[[*Any*, *str*, *Any*], *Any*] | None = None, \*\*kwargs)

Pulls the value for the given key from the object, applies the field's formatting and returns the result.

#### Parameters

- **attr** – The attribute/key to get from the object.
- **obj** – The object to access the attribute/key from.
- **accessor** – Function used to access values from *obj*.
- **kwargs** – Field-specific keyword arguments.

**class** nitpick.fields.**List**(cls\_or\_instance: *Field* | *type*, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: *Field*

A list field, composed with another *Field* class or instance.

Example:

```
numbers = fields.List(fields.Float())
```

#### Parameters

- **cls\_or\_instance** – A field class or instance.
- **kwargs** – The same keyword arguments that *Field* receives.

Changed in version 2.0.0: The `allow_none` parameter now applies to deserialization and has the same semantics as the other fields.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Does not serialize scalar values to single-item lists.

**property context**

The context dictionary for the parent Schema.

**property default****default\_error\_messages** = {'invalid': 'Not a valid list.'}

Default error messages.

**deserialize**(value: *Any*, attr: *str* | *None* = *None*, data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Deserialize value.

**Parameters**

- **value** – The value to deserialize.
- **attr** – The attribute/key in *data* to deserialize.
- **data** – The raw input data passed to *Schema.load*.
- **kwargs** – Field-specific keyword arguments.

**Raises****ValidationError** – If an invalid value is passed or if a required value is missing.**fail**(key: *str*, \*\*kwargs)Helper method that raises a *ValidationError* with an error message from *self.error\_messages*.Deprecated since version 3.0.0: Use *make\_error* <*marshmallow.fields.Field.make\_error*> instead.**get\_value**(obj, attr, accessor=*None*, default=<*marshmallow.missing*>)

Return the value for a given key from an object.

**Parameters**

- **obj** (*object*) – The object to get the value from.
- **attr** (*str*) – The attribute/key in *obj* to get the value from.
- **accessor** (*callable*) – A callable used to retrieve the value of *attr* from the object *obj*. Defaults to *marshmallow.utils.get\_value*.

**make\_error**(key: *str*, \*\*kwargs) → *ValidationError*Helper method to make a *ValidationError* with an error message from *self.error\_messages*.**property missing****name** = *None***parent** = *None***root** = *None***serialize**(attr: *str*, obj: *Any*, accessor: *Callable*[[*Any*, *str*, *Any*], *Any*] | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Pulls the value for the given key from the object, applies the field's formatting and returns the result.

**Parameters**

- **attr** – The attribute/key to get from the object.
- **obj** – The object to access the attribute/key from.
- **accessor** – Function used to access values from *obj*.
- **kwargs** – Field-specific keyword arguments.

```
class nitpick.fields.Nested(nested: SchemaABC | type | str | dict[str, Field | type] | typing.Callable[[],
    SchemaABC | dict[str, Field | type]], *, dump_default: typing.Any =
    <marshmallow.missing>, default: typing.Any = <marshmallow.missing>, only:
    types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None, exclude: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (),
    many: bool = False, unknown: str | None = None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Field*

Allows you to nest a *Schema* inside a field.

Examples:

```
class ChildSchema(Schema):
    id = fields.Str()
    name = fields.Str()
    # Use lambda functions when you need two-way nesting or self-nesting
    parent = fields.Nested(lambda: ParentSchema(only=("id",)), dump_only=True)
    siblings = fields.List(fields.Nested(lambda: ChildSchema(only=("id", "name"))))

class ParentSchema(Schema):
    id = fields.Str()
    children = fields.List(
        fields.Nested(ChildSchema(only=("id", "parent", "siblings")))
    )
    spouse = fields.Nested(lambda: ParentSchema(only=("id",)))
```

When passing a *Schema* *<marshmallow.Schema>* instance as the first argument, the instance's *exclude*, *only*, and *many* attributes will be respected.

Therefore, when passing the *exclude*, *only*, or *many* arguments to *fields.Nested*, you should pass a *Schema* *<marshmallow.Schema>* class (not an instance) as the first argument.

```
# Yes
author = fields.Nested(UserSchema, only=('id', 'name'))

# No
author = fields.Nested(UserSchema(), only=('id', 'name'))
```

### Parameters

- **nested** – *Schema* instance, class, class name (string), dictionary, or callable that returns a *Schema* or dictionary. Dictionaries are converted with *Schema.from\_dict*.
- **exclude** – A list or tuple of fields to exclude.
- **only** – A list or tuple of fields to marshal. If *None*, all fields are marshalled. This parameter takes precedence over **exclude**.
- **many** – Whether the field is a collection of objects.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **kwargs** – The same keyword arguments that *Field* receives.

### property context

The context dictionary for the parent *Schema*.

**property default****default\_error\_messages** = {'type': 'Invalid type.'}

Default error messages.

**deserialize**(value: *Any*, attr: *str* | *None* = *None*, data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Deserialize value.

**Parameters**

- **value** – The value to deserialize.
- **attr** – The attribute/key in *data* to deserialize.
- **data** – The raw input data passed to *Schema.load*.
- **kwargs** – Field-specific keyword arguments.

**Raises****ValidationError** – If an invalid value is passed or if a required value is missing.**fail**(key: *str*, \*\*kwargs)Helper method that raises a *ValidationError* with an error message from *self.error\_messages*.Deprecated since version 3.0.0: Use *make\_error* <*marshmallow.fields.Field.make\_error*> instead.**get\_value**(obj, attr, accessor=*None*, default=<*marshmallow.missing*>)

Return the value for a given key from an object.

**Parameters**

- **obj** (*object*) – The object to get the value from.
- **attr** (*str*) – The attribute/key in *obj* to get the value from.
- **accessor** (*callable*) – A callable used to retrieve the value of *attr* from the object *obj*. Defaults to *marshmallow.utils.get\_value*.

**make\_error**(key: *str*, \*\*kwargs) → *ValidationError*Helper method to make a *ValidationError* with an error message from *self.error\_messages*.**property missing****name** = *None***parent** = *None***root** = *None***property schema**

The nested Schema object.

Changed in version 1.0.0: Renamed from *serializer* to *schema*.**serialize**(attr: *str*, obj: *Any*, accessor: *Callable*[[*Any*, *str*, *Any*], *Any*] | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Pulls the value for the given key from the object, applies the field's formatting and returns the result.

**Parameters**

- **attr** – The attribute/key to get from the object.
- **obj** – The object to access the attribute/key from.
- **accessor** – Function used to access values from *obj*.



- **kwargs** – Field-specific keyword arguments.

```
class nitpick.fields.String(*, load_default: typing.Any = <marshmallow.missing>, missing: typing.Any =
    <marshmallow.missing>, dump_default: typing.Any =
    <marshmallow.missing>, default: typing.Any = <marshmallow.missing>,
    data_key: str | None = None, attribute: str | None = None, validate: None |
    (typing.Callable[[typing.Any], typing.Any] |
    typing.Iterable[typing.Callable[[typing.Any], typing.Any]]) = None, required:
    bool = False, allow_none: bool | None = None, load_only: bool = False,
    dump_only: bool = False, error_messages: dict[str, str] | None = None,
    metadata: typing.Mapping[str, typing.Any] | None = None,
    **additional_metadata)
```

Bases: [Field](#)

A string field.

#### Parameters

**kwargs** – The same keyword arguments that [Field](#) receives.

#### property context

The context dictionary for the parent Schema.

#### property default

```
default_error_messages = {'invalid': 'Not a valid string.', 'invalid_utf8': 'Not a
valid utf-8 string.'}
```

Default error messages.

```
deserialize(value: Any, attr: str | None = None, data: Mapping[str, Any] | None = None, **kwargs)
```

Deserialize value.

#### Parameters

- **value** – The value to deserialize.
- **attr** – The attribute/key in *data* to deserialize.
- **data** – The raw input data passed to *Schema.load*.
- **kwargs** – Field-specific keyword arguments.

#### Raises

**ValidationError** – If an invalid value is passed or if a required value is missing.

```
fail(key: str, **kwargs)
```

Helper method that raises a *ValidationError* with an error message from *self.error\_messages*.

Deprecated since version 3.0.0: Use *make\_error* *<marshmallow.fields.Field.make\_error>* instead.

```
get_value(obj, attr, accessor=None, default=<marshmallow.missing>)
```

Return the value for a given key from an object.

#### Parameters

- **obj** (*object*) – The object to get the value from.
- **attr** (*str*) – The attribute/key in *obj* to get the value from.
- **accessor** (*callable*) – A callable used to retrieve the value of *attr* from the object *obj*. Defaults to *marshmallow.utils.get\_value*.

**make\_error**(key: *str*, \*\*kwargs) → *ValidationError*

Helper method to make a *ValidationError* with an error message from `self.error_messages`.

**property missing**

**name** = *None*

**parent** = *None*

**root** = *None*

**serialize**(attr: *str*, obj: *Any*, accessor: *Callable*[[*Any*, *str*, *Any*], *Any*] | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Pulls the value for the given key from the object, applies the field's formatting and returns the result.

#### Parameters

- **attr** – The attribute/key to get from the object.
- **obj** – The object to access the attribute/key from.
- **accessor** – Function used to access values from `obj`.
- **kwargs** – Field-specific keyword arguments.

`nitpick.fields.URL`

alias of `Url`

## nitpick.flake8 module

Flake8 plugin to check files.

**class** `nitpick.flake8.NitpickFlake8Extension`(tree=*None*, filename='*none*')  
Bases: `object`

Main class for the flake8 extension.

Method generated by attrs for class `NitpickFlake8Extension`.

**static** `add_options`(option\_manager: *OptionManager*)

Add the offline option.

**build\_flake8\_error**(obj: *Fuss*) → *Tuple*[*int*, *int*, *str*, *Type*]

Return a flake8 error from a fuss.

**collect\_errors**() → *Iterator*[*Fuss*]

Collect all possible Nitpick errors.

**name** = `'nitpick'`

**static** `parse_options`(option\_manager: *OptionManager*, options, args)

Create the Nitpick app, set logging from the verbose flags, set offline mode.

This function is called only once by flake8, so it's a good place to create the app.

**run**() → *Iterator*[*Tuple*[*int*, *int*, *str*, *Type*]]

Run the check plugin.

**version** = `'0.33.2'`

## nitpick.generic module

Generic functions and classes.

`nitpick.generic.filter_names(iterable: Iterable, *partial_names: str) → list[str]`

Filter names and keep only the desired partial names.

Exclude the project name automatically.

```
>>> file_list = ['requirements.txt', 'tox.ini', 'setup.py', 'nitpick']
>>> filter_names(file_list)
['requirements.txt', 'tox.ini', 'setup.py']
>>> filter_names(file_list, 'ini', '.py')
['tox.ini', 'setup.py']
```

```
>>> mapping = {'requirements.txt': None, 'tox.ini': 1, 'setup.py': 2, 'nitpick': 3}
>>> filter_names(mapping)
['requirements.txt', 'tox.ini', 'setup.py']
>>> filter_names(file_list, 'x')
['requirements.txt', 'tox.ini']
```

`nitpick.generic.relative_to_current_dir(path_or_str: PathOrStr | None) → str`

Return a relative path to the current dir or an absolute path.

`nitpick.generic.url_to_python_path(url: furl) → Path`

Convert the segments of a file URL to a path.

`nitpick.generic.version_to_tuple(version: str | None = None) → tuple[int, ...]`

Transform a version number into a tuple of integers, for comparison.

```
>>> version_to_tuple("")
()
>>> version_to_tuple(" ")
()
>>> version_to_tuple(None)
()
>>> version_to_tuple("1.0.1")
(1, 0, 1)
>>> version_to_tuple(" 0.2 ")
(0, 2)
>>> version_to_tuple(" 2 ")
(2,)
```

### Parameters

**version** – String with the version number. It must be integers split by dots.

### Returns

Tuple with the version number.

## nitpick.project module

A project to be nitpicked.

```
class nitpick.project.Configuration(file: Path | None, styles: str | list[str], cache: str)
```

Bases: `object`

Configuration read from one of the CONFIG\_FILES.

**cache:** `str`

**file:** `Path | None`

**styles:** `str | list[str]`

```
class nitpick.project.Project(root: PathOrStr | None = None)
```

Bases: `object`

A project to be nitpicked.

```
create_configuration(config: Configuration, *style_urls: str) → None
```

Create a configuration file.

```
merge_styles(offline: bool) → Iterator[Fuss]
```

Merge one or multiple style files.

**property plugin\_manager:** `PluginManager`

Load all defined plugins.

```
read_configuration() → Configuration
```

Search for a configuration file and validate it against a Marshmallow schema.

**property root:** `Path`

Root dir of the project.

```
class nitpick.project.ToolNitpickSectionSchema(*, only: types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None,
                                                exclude: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), many: bool =
                                                False, context: dict | None = None, load_only:
                                                types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), dump_only:
                                                types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), partial: bool |
                                                types.StrSequenceOrSet = False, unknown: str | None
                                                = None)
```

Bases: `BaseNitpickSchema`

Validation schema for the `[tool.nitpick]` section on `pyproject.toml`.

```
class Meta
```

Bases: `object`

Options object for a Schema.

Example usage:

```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields:** Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.

- **additional:** Tuple or list of fields to include *in addition* to the explicitly declared fields. `additional` and `fields` are mutually-exclusive options.
- **include:** Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. It is usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.
- `dateformat`: Default format for *Date* `<fields.Date>` fields.
- `datetimeformat`: Default format for *DateTime* `<fields.DateTime>` fields.
- `timeformat`: Default format for *Time* `<fields.Time>` fields.
- **render\_module:** Module to use for *loads* `<Schema.loads>` and *dumps* `<Schema.dumps>`. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.
- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- `load_only`: Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- `dump_only`: Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with *marshmallow's* internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

## OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of `SchemaOpts`

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.DateTime'>, <class
'float':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time':>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

property `dict_class`: `type`

`dump(obj: Any, *, many: bool | None = None)`

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this *Schema's* fields.

### Parameters

- `obj` – The object to serialize.
- `many` – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if `obj` is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dumps**(*obj*: Any, \*args, many: bool | None = None, \*\*kwargs)

Same as `dump()`, except return a JSON-encoded string.

**Parameters**

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if `obj` is invalid.

**error\_messages**: Dict[str, str] = {'unknown': 'Unknown configuration. See <https://nitpick.rtfd.io/en/latest/configuration.html>.'}  
Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields**: Dict[str, ma\_fields.Field]

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(fields: dict[str, ma\_fields.Field | type], \*, name: str = 'GeneratedSchema') → type  
Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

**Parameters**

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the repr for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(*obj*: Any, attr: str, default: Any)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of `obj` and `attr`.

**handle\_error**(*error*: *ValidationError*, *data*: *Any*, \*, *many*: *bool*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

#### Parameters

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.
- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of *many* on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of *partial* on load.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(*data*: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*, *partial*: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, *unknown*: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**loads**(*json\_data*: *str*, \*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*, *partial*: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, *unknown*: *str* | *None* = *None*, *\*\*kwargs*)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(*field\_name*: *str*, *field\_obj*: *Field*) → *None*

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

**opts**: *SchemaOpts* = <marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>

**property set\_class**: *type*

**validate**(*data*: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*, *partial*: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*) → *dict*[*str*, *list*[*str*]]

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

#### Returns

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

**nitpick.project.confirm\_project\_root**(*dir\_*: *PathOrStr* | *None* = *None*) → *Path*

Confirm this is the root dir of the project (the one that has one of the *ROOT\_FILES*).

**nitpick.project.find\_main\_python\_file**(*root\_dir*: *Path*) → *Path*

Find the main Python file in the root dir, the one that will be used to report Flake8 warnings.

The search order is: 1. Python files that belong to the root dir of the project (e.g.: *setup.py*, *autoapp.py*). 2. *manage.py*: they can be on the root or on a subdir (Django projects). 3. Any other \*.py Python file on the root dir and subdir. This avoid long recursions when there is a *node\_modules* subdir for instance.

**nitpick.project.glob\_files**(*dir\_*: *Path*, *file\_patterns*: *Iterable*[*str*]) → *set*[*Path*]

Search a directory looking for file patterns.

## nitpick.schemas module

Marshmallow schemas.

**class nitpick.schemas.BaseNitpickSchema**(\*, *only*: *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, *exclude*: *types.StrSequenceOrSet* = (), *many*: *bool* = *False*, *context*: *dict* | *None* = *None*, *load\_only*: *types.StrSequenceOrSet* = (), *dump\_only*: *types.StrSequenceOrSet* = (), *partial*: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* = *False*, *unknown*: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Bases: *Schema*

Base schema for all others, with default error messages.

**class Meta**

Bases: *object*

Options object for a *Schema*.

Example usage:



```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields:** Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.
- **additional:** Tuple or list of fields to include *in addition to the* explicitly declared fields. `additional` and `fields` are mutually-exclusive options.
- **include:** Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. It is usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.
- **dateformat:** Default format for *Date* `<fields.Date>` fields.
- **datetimeformat:** Default format for *DateTime* `<fields.DateTime>` fields.
- **timeformat:** Default format for *Time* `<fields.Time>` fields.
- **render\_module:** Module to use for *loads* `<Schema.loads>` and *dumps* `<Schema.dumps>`. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.
- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- **load\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- **dump\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with marshmallow's internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

## OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of `SchemaOpts`

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.DateTime'>, <class
'float'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time'>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

**property dict\_class:** `type`

**dump**(*obj*: *Any*, \*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*)

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this Schema's fields.

**Parameters**

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dumps**(*obj*: *Any*, \**args*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*, \*\**kwargs*)

Same as `dump()`, except return a JSON-encoded string.

**Parameters**

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

**error\_messages:** `Dict[str, str]` = {'unknown': 'Unknown configuration. See [https://nitpick.rtfd.io/en/latest/nitpick\\_section.html](https://nitpick.rtfd.io/en/latest/nitpick_section.html).'}  
Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(*fields*: *dict*[*str*, *ma\_fields.Field* | *type*], \*, *name*: *str* = 'GeneratedSchema') -> *type*

Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

**Parameters**

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the repr for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(*obj*: *Any*, *attr*: *str*, *default*: *Any*)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of *obj* and *attr*.

**handle\_error**(*error*: *ValidationError*, *data*: *Any*, \*, *many*: *bool*, \*\**kwargs*)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

#### Parameters

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.
- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of *many* on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of *partial* on load.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(*data*: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*, *partial*: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, *unknown*: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (*data*, *errors*) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**loads**(*json\_data*: *str*, \*, *many*: *bool* | *None* = *None*, *partial*: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, *unknown*: *str* | *None* = *None*, \*\**kwargs*)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

**Returns**

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(*field\_name*: *str*, *field\_obj*: `Field`) → `None`

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

**opts**: `SchemaOpts` = `<marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>`

**property set\_class**: `type`

**validate**(*data*: `Mapping[str, Any]` | `Iterable[Mapping[str, Any]]`, \*, *many*: `bool` | `None` = `None`, *partial*: `bool` | `types.StrSequenceOrSet` | `None` = `None`) → `dict[str, list[str]]`

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

**Parameters**

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If `None`, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

**Returns**

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

```
class nitpick.schemas.BaseStyleSchema(*, only: types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None, exclude:
    types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), many: bool = False, context: dict |
    None = None, load_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), dump_only:
    types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), partial: bool |
    types.StrSequenceOrSet = False, unknown: str | None = None)
```

Bases: `Schema`

Base validation schema for style files. Dynamic fields will be added to it later.

**class Meta**

Bases: `object`

Options object for a *Schema*.

Example usage:

```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields**: Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.
- **additional**: Tuple or list of fields to include *in addition to the* explicitly declared fields. *additional* and *fields* are mutually-exclusive options.

- **include:** Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. It is usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.
- **dateformat:** Default format for *Date* *<fields.Date>* fields.
- **datetimeformat:** Default format for *DateTime* *<fields.DateTime>* fields.
- **timeformat:** Default format for *Time* *<fields.Time>* fields.
- **render\_module:** Module to use for *loads* *<Schema.loads>* and *dumps* *<Schema.dumps>*. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.
- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- **load\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- **dump\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with marshmallow's internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

## OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of *SchemaOpts*

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.DateTime'>, <class
'float'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time'>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

property dict\_class: *type*

**dump**(*obj*: Any, \*, *many*: bool | None = None)

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this Schema's fields.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

### Returns

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if `obj` is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dump**(*obj*: Any, \*args, many: bool | None = None, \*\*kwargs)

Same as `dump()`, except return a JSON-encoded string.

#### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

#### Returns

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if `obj` is invalid.

**error\_messages**: Dict[str, str] = {'unknown': 'Unknown file. See <https://nitpick.rtf.d.io/en/latest/plugins.html>.'}  
Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields**: Dict[str, ma\_fields.Field]

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(fields: dict[str, ma\_fields.Field | type], \*, name: str = 'GeneratedSchema') → type

Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

#### Parameters

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the repr for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(*obj*: Any, attr: str, default: Any)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of `obj` and `attr`.

**handle\_error**(error: ValidationError, data: Any, \*, many: bool, \*\*kwargs)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

#### Parameters

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.

- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of `many` on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of `partial` on load.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**loads**(json\_data: *str*, \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(field\_name: *str*, field\_obj: *Field*) → *None*

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

`opts: SchemaOpts = <marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>`

`property set_class: type`

`validate(data: Mapping[str, Any] | Iterable[Mapping[str, Any]], *, many: bool | None = None, partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None) → dict[str, list[str]]`

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

#### Returns

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

```
class nitpick.schemas.IniSchema(*, only: types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None, exclude:
    types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), many: bool = False, context: dict | None =
    None, load_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), dump_only:
    types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet =
    False, unknown: str | None = None)
```

Bases: *BaseNitpickSchema*

Validation schema for INI files.

**class Meta**

Bases: *object*

Options object for a Schema.

Example usage:

```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields**: Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.
- **additional**: Tuple or list of fields to include *in addition to the* explicitly declared fields. *additional* and *fields* are mutually-exclusive options.
- **include**: Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. It is usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude**: Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.
- **dateformat**: Default format for *Date* <*fields.Date*> fields.
- **datetimeformat**: Default format for *DateTime* <*fields.DateTime*> fields.
- **timeformat**: Default format for *Time* <*fields.Time*> fields.



- **render\_module:** Module to use for *loads* <Schema.loads> and *dumps* <Schema.dumps>. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.
- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- **load\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- **dump\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with marshmallow's internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

## OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of `SchemaOpts`

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.DateTime'>, <class
'float':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID':>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time':>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal':>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

property dict\_class: `type`

**dump**(obj: Any, \*, many: bool | None = None)

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this Schema's fields.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

### Returns

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dump\_fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

**dumps**(obj: Any, \*args, many: bool | None = None, \*\*kwargs)

Same as `dump()`, except return a JSON-encoded string.

**Parameters**

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

**error\_messages:** `Dict[str, str] = {'unknown': 'Unknown configuration. See https://nitpick.rtf.d.io/en/latest/nitpick\_section.html#comma-separated-values.'}`

Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(fields: `dict[str, ma_fields.Field | type]`, \*, name: `str = 'GeneratedSchema'`) → `type`

Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

**Parameters**

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the repr for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(obj: *Any*, attr: *str*, default: *Any*)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of *obj* and *attr*.

**handle\_error**(error: *ValidationError*, data: *Any*, \*, many: *bool*, \*\*kwargs)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

**Parameters**

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.
- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of *many* on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of *partial* on load.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**load\_fields**: *Dict*[*str*, *ma\_fields.Field*]

**loads**(json\_data: *str*, \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(field\_name: *str*, field\_obj: *Field*) → *None*

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

**opts**: *SchemaOpts* = <marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>

**property set\_class**: *type*

```
validate(data: Mapping[str, Any] | Iterable[Mapping[str, Any]], *, many: bool | None = None, partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None) → dict[str, list[str]]
```

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

#### Returns

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

```
class nitpick.schemas.NitpickFilesSectionSchema(*, only: types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None,
exclude: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), many: bool =
False, context: dict | None = None, load_only:
types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), dump_only:
types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), partial: bool |
types.StrSequenceOrSet = False, unknown: str | None
= None)
```

Bases: *BaseNitpickSchema*

Validation schema for the [nitpick.files] section on the style file.

#### class Meta

Bases: *object*

Options object for a Schema.

Example usage:

```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields**: Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.
- **additional**: Tuple or list of fields to include in addition to the explicitly declared fields. *additional* and *fields* are mutually-exclusive options.
- **include**: Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. It is usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude**: Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.
- **dateformat**: Default format for *Date* <fields.Date> fields.
- **datetimeformat**: Default format for *DateTime* <fields.DateTime> fields.
- **timeformat**: Default format for *Time* <fields.Time> fields.
- **render\_module**: Module to use for loads <Schema.loads> and dumps <Schema.dumps>. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.

- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- **load\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- **dump\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with marshmallow's internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

## OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of `SchemaOpts`

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.DateTime'>, <class
'float'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time'>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

property dict\_class: `type`

**dump**(*obj*: Any, \*, *many*: bool | None = None)

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this Schema's fields.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

### Returns

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dump\_fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

**dumps**(*obj*: Any, \*args, *many*: bool | None = None, \*\*kwargs)

Same as `dump()`, except return a JSON-encoded string.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.

- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple.

A *ValidationError* is raised if *obj* is invalid.

**error\_messages:** `Dict[str, str] = {'unknown': 'Unknown file. See https://nitpick.rtf.d.io/en/latest/nitpick\_section.html#nitpick-files'}`

Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(fields: `dict[str, ma_fields.Field | type]`, \*, name: `str = 'GeneratedSchema'`) → `type`

Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

**Parameters**

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the repr for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(obj: *Any*, attr: *str*, default: *Any*)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of *obj* and *attr*.

**handle\_error**(error: *ValidationError*, data: *Any*, \*, many: *bool*, \*\*kwargs)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

**Parameters**

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.
- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of *many* on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of *partial* on load.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**load\_fields**: *Dict*[*str*, *ma\_fields.Field*]

**loads**(json\_data: *str*, \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(field\_name: *str*, field\_obj: *Field*) → *None*

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

**opts**: *SchemaOpts* = <marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>

**property set\_class**: *type*

```
validate(data: Mapping[str, Any] | Iterable[Mapping[str, Any]], *, many: bool | None = None, partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None) → dict[str, list[str]]
```

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

#### Returns

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

```
class nitpick.schemas.NitpickMetaSchema(*, only: types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None, exclude: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), many: bool = False, context: dict | None = None, load_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), dump_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet = False, unknown: str | None = None)
```

Bases: [BaseNitpickSchema](#)

Meta info about a specific TOML style file.

#### class Meta

Bases: [object](#)

Options object for a Schema.

Example usage:

```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields**: Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.
- **additional**: Tuple or list of fields to include *in addition* to the explicitly declared fields. *additional* and *fields* are mutually-exclusive options.
- **include**: Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. It is usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude**: Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.
- **dateformat**: Default format for *Date* <fields.Date> fields.
- **datetimeformat**: Default format for *DateTime* <fields.DateTime> fields.
- **timeformat**: Default format for *Time* <fields.Time> fields.
- **render\_module**: Module to use for *loads* <Schema.loads> and *dumps* <Schema.dumps>. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.



- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- **load\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- **dump\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with marshmallow's internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

## OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of [SchemaOpts](#)

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class
'float'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time'>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

property dict\_class: [type](#)

**dump**(*obj*: Any, \*, *many*: bool | None = None)

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this Schema's fields.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

### Returns

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A [ValidationError](#) is raised if *obj* is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dump\_fields:** [Dict\[str, ma\\_fields.Field\]](#)

**dumps**(*obj*: Any, \**args*, *many*: bool | None = None, \*\**kwargs*)

Same as [dump\(\)](#), except return a JSON-encoded string.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.

- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple.

A *ValidationError* is raised if *obj* is invalid.

**error\_messages:** `Dict[str, str] = {'unknown': 'Unknown configuration. See https://nitpick.rtf.d.io/en/latest/nitpick\_section.html.'}`

Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(fields: `dict[str, ma_fields.Field | type]`, \*, name: `str = 'GeneratedSchema'`) → `type`

Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

**Parameters**

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the repr for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(obj: *Any*, attr: *str*, default: *Any*)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of *obj* and *attr*.

**handle\_error**(error: *ValidationError*, data: *Any*, \*, many: *bool*, \*\*kwargs)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

**Parameters**

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.
- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of *many* on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of *partial* on load.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**load\_fields:** *Dict*[*str*, *ma\_fields.Field*]

**loads**(json\_data: *str*, \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(field\_name: *str*, field\_obj: *Field*) → *None*

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

**opts:** *SchemaOpts* = <marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>

**property set\_class:** *type*

```
validate(data: Mapping[str, Any] | Iterable[Mapping[str, Any]], *, many: bool | None = None, partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None) → dict[str, list[str]]
```

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

#### Returns

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

```
class nitpick.schemas.NitpickSectionSchema(*, only: types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None, exclude: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), many: bool = False, context: dict | None = None, load_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), dump_only: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet = False, unknown: str | None = None)
```

Bases: [BaseNitpickSchema](#)

Validation schema for the [nitpick] section on the style file.

#### class Meta

Bases: [object](#)

Options object for a Schema.

Example usage:

```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields**: Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.
- **additional**: Tuple or list of fields to include *in addition* to the explicitly declared fields. *additional* and *fields* are mutually-exclusive options.
- **include**: Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. It is usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude**: Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.
- **dateformat**: Default format for *Date* <fields.Date> fields.
- **datetimeformat**: Default format for *DateTime* <fields.DateTime> fields.
- **timeformat**: Default format for *Time* <fields.Time> fields.
- **render\_module**: Module to use for loads <Schema.loads> and dumps <Schema.dumps>. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.

- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- **load\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- **dump\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with marshmallow's internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

## OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of `SchemaOpts`

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.DateTime'>, <class
'float'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time'>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

property dict\_class: `type`

**dump**(*obj*: Any, \*, *many*: bool | None = None)

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this Schema's fields.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

### Returns

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dump\_fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

**dumps**(*obj*: Any, \*args, *many*: bool | None = None, \*\*kwargs)

Same as `dump()`, except return a JSON-encoded string.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.

- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple.

A *ValidationError* is raised if *obj* is invalid.

**error\_messages:** `Dict[str, str] = {'unknown': 'Unknown configuration. See https://nitpick.rtf.d.io/en/latest/nitpick\_section.html.'}`

Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(fields: `dict[str, ma_fields.Field | type]`, \*, name: `str = 'GeneratedSchema'`) → `type`

Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

**Parameters**

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the repr for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(obj: *Any*, attr: *str*, default: *Any*)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of *obj* and *attr*.

**handle\_error**(error: *ValidationError*, data: *Any*, \*, many: *bool*, \*\*kwargs)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

**Parameters**

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.
- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of *many* on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of *partial* on load.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**load\_fields:** *Dict*[*str*, *ma\_fields.Field*]

**loads**(json\_data: *str*, \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(field\_name: *str*, field\_obj: *Field*) → *None*

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

**opts:** *SchemaOpts* = <marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>

**property set\_class:** *type*

```
validate(data: Mapping[str, Any] | Iterable[Mapping[str, Any]], *, many: bool | None = None, partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None) → dict[str, list[str]]
```

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

#### Returns

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

```
class nitpick.schemas.NitpickStylesSectionSchema(*, only: types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None,
exclude: types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), many: bool = False, context: dict | None = None, load_only:
types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), dump_only:
types.StrSequenceOrSet = (), partial: bool |
types.StrSequenceOrSet = False, unknown: str |
None = None)
```

Bases: *BaseNitpickSchema*

Validation schema for the [nitpick.styles] section on the style file.

#### class Meta

Bases: *object*

Options object for a Schema.

Example usage:

```
class Meta:
    fields = ("id", "email", "date_created")
    exclude = ("password", "secret_attribute")
```

Available options:

- **fields**: Tuple or list of fields to include in the serialized result.
- **additional**: Tuple or list of fields to include in addition to the explicitly declared fields. *additional* and *fields* are mutually-exclusive options.
- **include**: Dictionary of additional fields to include in the schema. It is usually better to define fields as class variables, but you may need to use this option, e.g., if your fields are Python keywords. May be an *OrderedDict*.
- **exclude**: Tuple or list of fields to exclude in the serialized result. Nested fields can be represented with dot delimiters.
- **dateformat**: Default format for *Date* <fields.Date> fields.
- **datetimeformat**: Default format for *DateTime* <fields.DateTime> fields.
- **timeformat**: Default format for *Time* <fields.Time> fields.
- **render\_module**: Module to use for loads <Schema.loads> and dumps <Schema.dumps>. Defaults to *json* from the standard library.



- **ordered:** If *True*, order serialization output according to the order in which fields were declared. Output of *Schema.dump* will be a *collections.OrderedDict*.
- **index\_errors:** If *True*, errors dictionaries will include the index of invalid items in a collection.
- **load\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from serialized results.
- **dump\_only:** Tuple or list of fields to exclude from deserialization
- **unknown:** Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*.
- **register:** Whether to register the *Schema* with marshmallow's internal class registry. Must be *True* if you intend to refer to this *Schema* by class name in *Nested* fields. Only set this to *False* when memory usage is critical. Defaults to *True*.

## OPTIONS\_CLASS

alias of `SchemaOpts`

```
TYPE_MAPPING: Dict[type, Type[ma_fields.Field]] = {<class 'str'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.String'>, <class 'bytes'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.String'>,
<class 'datetime.datetime'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class
'float'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Float'>, <class 'bool'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Boolean'>, <class 'tuple'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>,
<class 'list'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'set'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Raw'>, <class 'int'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.Integer'>,
<class 'uuid.UUID'>: <class 'marshmallow.fields.UUID'>, <class 'datetime.time'>:
<class 'marshmallow.fields.Time'>, <class 'datetime.date'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Date'>, <class 'datetime.timedelta'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.TimeDelta'>, <class 'decimal.Decimal'>: <class
'marshmallow.fields.Decimal'>}
```

property dict\_class: `type`

**dump**(*obj*: Any, \*, *many*: bool | None = None)

Serialize an object to native Python data types according to this Schema's fields.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.
- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

### Returns

Serialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Validation no longer occurs upon serialization.

**dump\_fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

**dumps**(*obj*: Any, \*args, *many*: bool | None = None, \*\*kwargs)

Same as `dump()`, except return a JSON-encoded string.

### Parameters

- **obj** – The object to serialize.

- **many** – Whether to serialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.

**Returns**

A json string

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the serialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple.

A `ValidationError` is raised if *obj* is invalid.

**error\_messages:** `Dict[str, str] = {'unknown': 'Unknown configuration. See https://nitpick.rtf.d.io/en/latest/nitpick\_section.html#nitpick-styles.'}`

Overrides for default schema-level error messages

**fields:** `Dict[str, ma_fields.Field]`

Dictionary mapping field\_names -> Field objects

**classmethod from\_dict**(fields: `dict[str, ma_fields.Field | type]`, \*, name: `str = 'GeneratedSchema'`) → `type`

Generate a *Schema* class given a dictionary of fields.

```
from marshmallow import Schema, fields

PersonSchema = Schema.from_dict({"name": fields.Str()})
print(PersonSchema().load({"name": "David"})) # => {'name': 'David'}
```

Generated schemas are not added to the class registry and therefore cannot be referred to by name in *Nested* fields.

**Parameters**

- **fields** (*dict*) – Dictionary mapping field names to field instances.
- **name** (*str*) – Optional name for the class, which will appear in the repr for the class.

New in version 3.0.0.

**get\_attribute**(obj: *Any*, attr: *str*, default: *Any*)

Defines how to pull values from an object to serialize.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0a1: Changed position of *obj* and *attr*.

**handle\_error**(error: *ValidationError*, data: *Any*, \*, many: *bool*, \*\*kwargs)

Custom error handler function for the schema.

**Parameters**

- **error** – The *ValidationError* raised during (de)serialization.
- **data** – The original input data.
- **many** – Value of *many* on dump or load.
- **partial** – Value of *partial* on load.

New in version 2.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0rc9: Receives *many* and *partial* (on deserialization) as keyword arguments.

**load**(data: *Mapping*[*str*, *Any*] | *Iterable*[*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*]], \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*)

Deserialize a data structure to an object defined by this Schema's fields.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**load\_fields:** *Dict*[*str*, *ma\_fields.Field*]

**loads**(json\_data: *str*, \*, many: *bool* | *None* = *None*, partial: *bool* | *types.StrSequenceOrSet* | *None* = *None*, unknown: *str* | *None* = *None*, \*\*kwargs)

Same as *load()*, except it takes a JSON string as input.

#### Parameters

- **json\_data** – A JSON string of the data to deserialize.
- **many** – Whether to deserialize *obj* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.
- **unknown** – Whether to exclude, include, or raise an error for unknown fields in the data. Use *EXCLUDE*, *INCLUDE* or *RAISE*. If *None*, the value for *self.unknown* is used.

#### Returns

Deserialized data

New in version 1.0.0.

Changed in version 3.0.0b7: This method returns the deserialized data rather than a (data, errors) tuple. A *ValidationError* is raised if invalid data are passed.

**on\_bind\_field**(field\_name: *str*, field\_obj: *Field*) → *None*

Hook to modify a field when it is bound to the *Schema*.

No-op by default.

**opts:** *SchemaOpts* = <marshmallow.schema.SchemaOpts object>

**property set\_class:** *type*

```
validate(data: Mapping[str, Any] | Iterable[Mapping[str, Any]], *, many: bool | None = None, partial: bool | types.StrSequenceOrSet | None = None) → dict[str, list[str]]
```

Validate *data* against the schema, returning a dictionary of validation errors.

#### Parameters

- **data** – The data to validate.
- **many** – Whether to validate *data* as a collection. If *None*, the value for *self.many* is used.
- **partial** – Whether to ignore missing fields and not require any fields declared. Propagates down to *Nested* fields as well. If its value is an iterable, only missing fields listed in that iterable will be ignored. Use dot delimiters to specify nested fields.

#### Returns

A dictionary of validation errors.

New in version 1.1.0.

```
nitpick.schemas.flatten_marshmallow_errors(errors: Dict) → str
```

Flatten Marshmallow errors to a string.

```
nitpick.schemas.help_message(sentence: str, help_page: str) → str
```

Show help with the documentation URL on validation errors.

## nitpick.typedefs module

Type definitions.

## nitpick.violations module

Violation codes.

Name inspired by *flake8*'s violations.

```
class nitpick.violations.Fuss(fixed: bool, filename: str, code: int, message: str, suggestion: str = "", lineno: int = 1)
```

Bases: `object`

Nitpick makes a fuss when configuration doesn't match.

Fields inspired on `SyntaxError` and `pyflakes.messages.Message`.

**code:** `int`

**property colored\_suggestion:** `str`

Suggestion with color.

**filename:** `str`

**fixed:** `bool`

**lineno:** `int` = 1

**message:** `str`

**property pretty:** `str`

Message to be used on the CLI.

```

    suggestion: str = ''

class nitpick.violations.ProjectViolations(value)
    Bases: ViolationEnum
    Project initialization violations.

    FILE_SHOULD_BE_DELETED = (104, ' should be deleted{extra}')
```

MINIMUM\_VERSION = (203, "The style file you're using requires {project}>={expected} (you have {actual}). Please upgrade")

```

    MISSING_FILE = (103, ' should exist{extra}')
```

NO\_PYTHON\_FILE = (102, 'No Python file was found on the root dir and subdir of {root!r}')

```

    NO_ROOT_DIR = (101, "No root directory detected. Create a configuration file (.nitpick.toml, pyproject.toml) manually, or run 'nitpick init'. See https://nitpick.rtf.d.io/en/latest/configuration.html")

class nitpick.violations.Reporter(info: FileInfo | None = None, violation_base_code: int = 0)
    Bases: object
    Error reporter.

    fixed: int = 0

    classmethod get_counts() → str
        String representation with error counts and emojis.

    classmethod increment(fixed=False)
        Increment the fixed ou manual count.

    make_fuss(violation: ViolationEnum, suggestion: str = "", fixed=False, **kwargs) → Fuss
        Make a fuss.

    manual: int = 0

    classmethod reset()
        Reset the counters.

class nitpick.violations.SharedViolations(value)
    Bases: ViolationEnum
    Shared violations used by all plugins.

    CREATE_FILE = (1, ' was not found', True)

    CREATE_FILE_WITH_SUGGESTION = (1, ' was not found. Create it with this content:', True)

    DELETE_FILE = (2, ' should be deleted', True)

    DIFFERENT_VALUES = (9, '{prefix} has different values. Use this:', True)

    MISSING_VALUES = (8, '{prefix} has missing values:', True)
```

**class** nitpick.violations.StyleViolations(*value*)

Bases: [ViolationEnum](#)

Style violations.

INVALID\_CONFIG = (1, ' has an incorrect style. Invalid config:')

INVALID\_DATA\_TOOL\_NITPICK = (1, ' has an incorrect style. Invalid data in [{section}]:')

INVALID\_TOML = (1, ' has an incorrect style. Invalid TOML{exception}')

**class** nitpick.violations.ViolationEnum(*value*)

Bases: [Enum](#)

Base enum with violation codes and messages.

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